## K. C. E. Society's

# Moolji Jaitha College

An 'Autonomous College' Affiliated to K.B.C. North Maharashtra University, Jalgaon.

NAAC Reaccredited Grade - A (CGPA: 3.15 - 3<sup>rd</sup> Cycle) UGC honoured "College of Excellence" (2014-2019) DST(FIST) Assisted College



के. सी. ई. सोसायटीचे मूळजी जेठा महाविद्यालय

क.ब.चौ. उत्तर महाराष्ट्र विद्यापीठ, जळगाव संलग्नित 'स्वायत्त महाविद्यालय'

नॅकद्वारा पुनर्मानांकित श्रेणी - 'ए'(सी.जी.पी.ए. : ३.१५ - तिसरी फेरी) विद्यापीठ अनुदान आयोगाद्वारा घोषित 'कॉलेज ऑफ एक्सलन्स' (२०१४-२०१९) डी.एस.टी. (फीस्ट) अंतर्गत अर्थसहाय्य प्राप्त

Date: 25/04/2025

## **NOTIFICATION**

Sub :- CBCS Syllabi of B. Sc. in Biochemistry (Sem. V & VI)

Ref.:- Decision of the Academic Council at its meeting held on 22/04/2025.

The Syllabi of B. Sc. in Biochemistry (Fifth and Sixth Semesters) as per **NATIONAL EDUCATION POLICY – 2020 (2023 Pattern)** and approved by the Academic Council as referred above are hereby notified for implementation with effect from the academic year 2025-26.

Copy of the Syllabi Shall be downloaded from the College Website (www.kcesmjcollege.in)

Sd/-Chairman, Board of Studies

#### To:

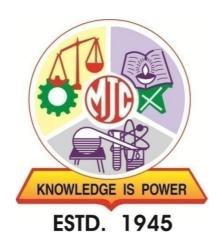
- 1) The Head of the Dept., M. J. College, Jalgaon.
- 2) The office of the COE, M. J. College, Jalgaon.
- 3) The office of the Registrar, M. J. College, Jalgaon.

**Khandesh College Education Society's** 

# Moolji Jaitha College, Jalgaon

An "Autonomous College"

Affiliated to
Kavayitri Bahinabai Chaudhari
North Maharashtra University, Jalgaon-425001



## STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

B.Sc. Honours/Honours with Research (T.Y.B.Sc.Biochemistry)

UnderChoiceBasedCreditSystem(CBCS) and as per NEP-2020 Guidelines

[w.e.f.AcademicYear:2025-26]

## **Preface**

The cumulative demand for trained and skilled manpower in the area of Biochemistry requires in depthfunctional knowledge of modern biology through hands-on training to the students. The Moolji Jaitha College (Autonomous) has adopted a department-specific model as per the guidelines of UGC, NEP-2020 and the Government of Maharashtra. The Board of Studies in Biochemistry of the college has prepared the syllabus for the Third-year undergraduate of Biochemistry.

The syllabus has been prepared anticipating the requirements of B.Sc. Biochemistry students under CBCS Program. The contents have been drawn to accommodate the widening horizons of the Biochemistry discipline and reflect the changing needs of the students. The detailed syllabus for each paper is appended with a list of suggested readings.

The degree of Bachelor of Science in Biochemistry (Choice Based Credit System) aims to introducevarious aspects of Biochemistry and interdisciplinary subjects to the students. The program inBiochemistry as one of the core subject is designed to cultivate a scientific attitude and interest towardsthe modern areas of Biochemistry in particular and life science in general. This will help the students to become critical and curious in their outlook. The courses are designed to impart the essential basicsin Biochemistry, Chemistry, Botany, Microbiology, Zoology and Biotechnology at the initial level ofgraduation. The basic courses are infused with application in modern life sciences, and awareness on Biochemistry and its influence in human life. The integration of various courses in the program is aimedto develop proficiency in the theory as well as practical experiments, common equipment, laboratory, along with the collection and interpretation and presentation of scientific data in proper manner. Besidethis, the students will be equipped with knowledge in the newer areas of Biochemistry and itsapplication in medical science, agriculture, industry, proteomics, genomics, metabolomics, bioinformatics, nano-biotechnology etc. This will create awareness about Biochemistry and contribution of Biochemistry among the society. At the end of the course, the students are expected tohave good working knowledge in the field of Biochemistry and in addition knowledge gained from courses of interdisciplinary in nature. Students will surely have an urge to continue higher studies inBiochemistry and contribute significantly in the development.

The present syllabus is restructured anticipating the future needs of Biochemistry with more emphasis onimparting hands-on skills. The main thrust is laid on making syllabus compatible with developments in Education, Research and Industrial sectors. The Theory and Practical course in new restructured coursewill lead to impart skill-set essentials to further Biochemistry.

Hence, Board of Studies in Biochemistry in its meeting held on  $22^{nd}$  March 2025 resolved to accept therevised syllabus for T. Y. B. Sc. (Biochemistry) based on Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) of UGC, NEP-2020 and the Government of Maharashtra guidelines.

## **Program Outcomes (PO) for B.Sc. Program:**

Program outcomes associated with a B.Sc. degree are as follows:

PO No.	PO
1	Graduates should have a comprehensive knowledge and understanding of the fundamental
	principles, theories, and concepts in their chosen field of study.
2	Graduates should possess the necessary technical skills and competencies related to their
	discipline, including laboratory techniques and data analysis.
3	Graduates should be able to identify, analyze, and solve complex problems using logical
	and critical thinking skills. They should be able to apply scientific methods and principles
	to investigate and find solutions.
4	Graduates should be proficient in effectively communicating scientific information, both
	orally and in writing.
5	Graduates should have a basic foundation in research methods and be capable of
	designing and conducting scientific investigations.
6	Graduates should be able to work effectively as part of a team, demonstrating the ability
	to collaborate with others, respect diverse perspectives, and contribute to group projects.
7	Graduates should recognize the importance of ongoing learning and professional
	development. They should be equipped with the skills and motivation to engage in
	continuous learning, adapt to new technologies and advancements in their field, and stay
	updated with current research.

## Programme Specific Outcome (PSO) for B.Sc. BiochemistryHonours/Honours with Research:

After completion of this program, students are expected to learn/understand the:

PSO No.	PSO
1	Structure, properties, pathways and applications of biomolecules in various fields.
2	Isolation, purification, biochemical mechanisms, regulation and applications of enzymes
	in various sectors.
3	Isolation, identification and characterization of various microbes from diverse habitats.
4	Principle and applications of various bio-analytical tools and techniques.
5	Physiological Biochemistry and correlate it with clinical applications.
6	Applications of Biochemistry in various industrial sectors such as agriculture, medical,
	pharmaceuticals, food, cosmetic etc.

## **Multiple Entry and Multiple Exit options:**

The multiple entry and exit options with the award of UG certificate/ UG diploma/ or three-year degree depending upon the number of credits secured;

Levels	Qualification Title	Credit Requ	irements	Semester	Year
		Minimum	Maximum		
4.5	UG Certificate	40	44	2	1
5.0	UG Diploma	80	88	4	2
5.5	Three Year Bachelor's Degree	120	132	6	3
6.0	Bachelor's Degree- Honours	160	176	8	4
	Or				
	Bachelor's Degree- Honours with Research				

# Credit distribution structure for Three/ Four year Honors/ Honors with Research Degree Programme with Multiple Entry and Exit

## F.Y. B.Sc.

Year (Level)	Sem	Subject-I (M-1)	Subject-II (M-2)	Subject-III (M-3)	Open Elective (OE)	VSC, SEC (VSEC)	AEC, VEC, IKS	CC, FP, CEP, OJT, RP	Cumulative Credits/Sem	Degree/ Cumulative Credit
	I	DSC-1(2T) DSC-2(2P)	DSC-1(2T) DSC-2(2P)	DSC-1(2T) DSC-2(2P)	OE-1(2T)		AEC-1(2T) (Eng) VEC-1(2T) (ES) IKS(2T)	CC-1(2T)	22	UG
(4.5)	П	DSC-3(2T) DSC-4(2P)	DSC-3(2T) DSC-4(2P)	DSC-3(2T) DSC-4(2P)	OE-2(2T) OE-3(2P)		AEC-2(2T) (Eng) VEC-2(2T) (CI)	CC-2(2T)	22	Certificate
	Cum . Cr.	8	8	8	6		10 NSOF course/ Inter	4	44	

#### S.Y. B.Sc.

5.11 B.5C.											
Year (Level)	Sem	Subject-I (M-1) Major*		Subject-II (M-2) Minor #	Subject- III (M-3)	Open Elective (OE)	VSC, SEC (VSEC)	AEC, VEC, IKS	CC, FP, CEP, OJT/Int/RP	Cumulative Credits/Sem	Degree/ Cumulative Credit
		Mandatory (DSC)	Elective (DSE)	(MIN)	( - 7	(- )	( ) !!				
	III	DSC-5(2T) DSC-6(2T) DSC-7(2P)		MIN-1(2T) MIN-2(2T) MIN-3(2P)		OE-4(2T)	SEC-1(2T)	AEC-3(2T) (MIL)	CC-3(2T) CEP(2)	22	TIC.
2 (5.0)	IV	DSC-8(2T) DSC-9(2T) DSC-10(2P)		MIN-4(2T) MIN-5(2P)		OE-5(2T)	SEC-2(2T) SEC-3(2P)	AEC-4(2T) (MIL)	CC-4(2T)	22	UG Diploma
	Cum . Cr.	12		10		4	6	4	8	44	
	Exit or	otion: Award of U	U <b>G Diploma</b> i	in Major and Mi	nor with 88 cr	redits and an a	additional 4 cr	edits core NSQF co	urse/ Internship Ol	R Continue with M	lajor & Minor.

\* Student must choose one subject as a Major subject out of M-1, M-2 and M-3 that he/she has chosen at First year #Student must choose one subject as a Minor subject out of M-1, M-2 and M-3 that he/she has chosen at First year (Minor must be other than Major)

© OJT/Internship/CEP should be completed in the summer vacation after 4<sup>th</sup> semester

## T.Y. B.Sc.

	1.1. D.DC.										
Year (Level)	Sem	Subje (M- Maj	-1)	Subject-II (M-2) Minor	Subject- III (M-3)	Open Elective (OE)	VSC, SEC (VSEC)	AEC, VEC, IKS	CC, FP, CEP, OJT/Int/RP	Cumulative Credits/Sem	Degree/ Cumulative Credit
		Mandatory (DSC)	Elective (DSE)	(MIN)							
	v	DSC-11(2T) DSC-12(2T) DSC-13(2T) DSC-14(2P) DSC-15(2P)	DSE-1A/B (2T) DSE-2A/B (2P)				VSC-1(2T) VSC-2(2P)		OJT/Int (4)	22	_
3 (5.5)	VI	DSC-16(2T) DSC-17(2T) DSC-18(2T) DSC-19(2T) DSC-20(2T) IKS DSC-21(2P) DSC-22(2P)	DSE-3A/B (2T) DSE-4A/B (2P)				VSC-3(2T) VSC-4(2P)			22	UG Degree
	Cum . Cr.	24	8				8		4	44	
		•	Exi	t option: Award o	f UG Degree in	Major with 1	32 credits OR (	Continue with	Major and Minor		

## Fourth Year B.Sc. (Honours)

	routh real bise. (Honours)										
Year (Level)	Sem	Major Cor	e Subjects	Research Methodology (RM)	VSC, SEC (VSEC)	OE	AEC, VEC, IKS	CC, FP, CEP, OJT/Int/RP	Cumulative Credits/Sem	Degree/ Cumulative Credit	
	VII	DSC-23(4T) DSC-24(4T) DSC-25(4T) DSC-26(2P)	DSE-5A/B (2T) DSE-6A/B (2P)	RM(4T)					22	UG	
IV (6.0)	VIII	DSC-27(4T) DSC-28(4T) DSC-29(4T) DSC-30(2P)	DSE-7A/B (2T) DSE-8A/B (2P)					OJT/Int (4)	22	Honours Degree	
	Cum. Cr.	28	8	4				4	44		
			For	ur Year UG Honors	Degree in Ma	ajor and	Minor with 176 cred	lits			

## Fourth Year B.Sc. (Honours with Research)

Year (Level)	Sem	Major Core	e Subjects	Research Methodology (RM)	VSC, SEC (VSEC)	OE	AEC, VEC, IKS	CC, FP, CEP, OJT/Int/RP	Cumulative Credits/Sem	Degree/ Cumulative Credit
	VII	DSC-23(4T) DSC-24(4T) DSC-26(2P)	DSE-5A/B (2T) DSE-6A/B (2P)	RM(4T)				RP(4)	22	UG Honours with
IV (6.0)	VIII	DSC-27(4T) DSC-28(4T) DSC-30(2P)	DSE-7A/B (2T) DSE-8A/B (2P)					RP(8)	22	Research Degree
	Cum. Cr.	20	8	4			 aior and Minor with	12	44	

Four Year UG Honours with Research Degree in Major and Minor with 176 credits

Sem- Semester, DSC- Department Specific Course, DSE- Department Specific Elective, OE/GE- Open/Generic elective, VSC- Vocational Skill Course, SEC- Skill Enhancement Course, VSEC- Vocation and Skill Enhancement Course, AEC- Ability Enhancement Course, IKS- Indian Knowledge System, VEC- Value Education Course, T- Theory, P- Practical, CC-Co-curricular RM- Research Methodology, OJT- On Job Training, FP- Field Project, Int-Internship, RP- Research Project, CEP- Community Extension Programme, ENG- English, CI- Constitution of India, MIL- Modern Indian Laguage

- Number in bracket indicate credit
- The courses which do not have practical 'P' will be treated as theory 'T'
- If student select subject other than faculty in the subjects M-1, M-2 and M-3, then that subject will be treated as Minor subject, and cannot be selected as Major at second year.

**Details of T.Y. B.Sc. (Biochemistry)** 

Course	Course	Counce Cad	Course Title	Cmo 324		hing l Weel	Hours/		Ma	rks	
	Type	Course Code		Credits	T	P	Total	Inter	rnal	Exte	ernal
								T	P	T	P
			Semester V, Level –	5.5					•		
DSC-11	DSC	BIC-DSC-351	Genetics	2	2		2	20		30	
DSC-12	DSC	BIC-DSC-352	Basic Immunology	2	2		2	20		30	
DSC-13	DSC	BIC-DSC-353	Plant Biochemistry	2	2		2	20		30	
DSC-14	DSC	BIC-DSC-354	Practical on Genetics and Immunology	2		4	4		20		30
DSC-15	DSC	BIC-DSC-355	Practical on Plant Biochemistry	2		4	4		20		30
DSE-1A	DSE	BIC-DSE-351A	Enzymology	2	2		2	20		30	
DSE-1B	DSE	BIC-DSE-351B	Molecular Biology	2	2		2	20		30	
DSE-2A	DSE	BIC-DSE-352A	Practical on Enzmology	2		4	4		20		30
DSE-2B	DSE	BIC-DSE-352B	Practical on Molecular Biology	2		4	4		20		30
VSC-1	VSC	BIC-VSC-351	Fermentation Technology	2	2		2	20		30	
VSC-2	VSC	BIC-VSC-352	Practical on Fermentation Technology	2		4	4		20		30
OJT/Int	OJT	BIC-OJT-351	On Job Training/Internship	4		8	8		40		60
			Semester VI, Level –	- 5.5					•		
DSC-16	DSC	BIC-DSC-361	Fundamentals of Toxicology	2	2		2	20		30	
DSC-17	DSC	BIC-DSC-362	Animal and Plant tissue culture	2	2		2	20		30	
DSC-18	DSC	BIC-DSC-363	Metabolism	2	2		2	20		30	
DSC-19	DSC	BIC-DSC-364	Clinical Biochemistry	2	2		2	20		30	
DSC-20	DSC/IKS	BIC-DSC-365	Ayurved: Ancient Indian Medicinal System	2	2		2	20		30	
DSC-21	DSC	BIC-DSC-366	Practical on Toxicology	2		4	4		20		30
DSC-22	DSC	BIC-DSC-367	Practical on Clinical Biochemistry	2		4	4		20		30
DSE-3A	DSE	BIC-DSE-361A	Genetic Engineering	2	2		2	20		30	
DSE-3B	DSE	BIC-DSE-361B	Enzyme Science and Technology	2	2		2	20		30	
DSE-4A	DSE	BIC-DSE-362A	Practical on Genetics and Tissue Culture Techniques	2		4	4		20		30
DSE-4B	DSE	BIC-DSE-362B	Practical on Enzyme Science and Technology	2		4	4		20		30
VSC-3	VSC	BIC-VSC-361	Analytical Techniques	2	2		2	20		30	
VSC-4	VSC	BIC-VSC-362	Practical on Analytical Techniques	2		4	4		20		30

#### **Examination Pattern**

### **Theory Question Paper Pattern:**

- 30 (External) +20 (Internal) for 2 credits
  - o External examination will be of 1½ hours duration
  - There shall be 3 questions: Q1 carrying 6 marks and Q2, Q3 carrying 12 marks each. The tentative pattern of question papers shall be as follows;
  - o Q1 Attempt any 2 out of 3 sub-questions; each 3 marks
  - o Q 2 and Q3 Attempt any 3 out of 4 sub-question; each 4 marks.

#### **Rules of Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

The Continuous Internal Evaluation for theory papers shall consist of two methods:

- **1. Continuous & Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE):** CCE will carry a maximum of 30% weightage (30/15 marks) of the total marks for a course. Before the start of the academic session in each semester, the subject teacher should choose any three assessment methods from the following list, with each method carrying 10/5 marks:
  - i. Individual Assignments
  - ii. Seminars/Classroom Presentations/Quizzes
  - iii. Group Discussions/Class Discussion/Group Assignments
  - iv. Case studies/Case lets
  - v. Participatory & Industry-Integrated Learning/Field visits
  - vi. Practical activities/Problem Solving Exercises
  - vii. Participation in Seminars/Academic Events/Symposia, etc.
  - viii. Mini Projects/Capstone Projects
  - ix. Book review/Article review/Article preparation
  - x. Any other academic activity
  - xi. Each chosen CCE method shall be based on a particular unit of the syllabus, ensuring that three units of the syllabus are mapped to the CCEs.
- **2. Internal Assessment Tests (IAT):** IAT will carry a maximum of 10% weightage (10/5 marks) of the total marks for a course. IAT shall be conducted at the end of the semester and will assess the remaining unit of the syllabus that was not covered by the CCEs. The subject teacher is at liberty to decide which units are to be assessed using CCEs and which unit is to be assessed on the basis of IAT. The overall weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CCE + IAT) shall be 40% of the total marks for the course. The remaining 60% of the marks shall be allocated to the semester-end examinations. The subject teachers are required to communicate the chosen CCE methods and the corresponding syllabus units to the students at the beginning of the semester to ensure clarity and proper preparation.

### **Practical Examination Credit 2: Pattern (30+20)**

## **External Practical Examination (30 marks):**

- Practical examination shall be conducted by the respective department at the end of the semester.
- Practical examination will be of 3 hours duration and shall be conducted as per schedule.
- Practical examination shall be conducted for 2 consecutive days for 2 hr/ day where incubation conditionis required.
- There shall be 05 marks for journal and viva-voce. Certified journal is compulsory to appear for practical examination.

## **Internal Practical Examination (20 marks):**

- Internal practical examination of 10 marks will be conducted by department as per schedule given.
- For internal practical examination student must produce the laboratory journal of practicals completed along with the completion certificate signed by the concerned teacher and the Head of the department.
- There shall be continuous assessment of 30 marks based on student performance throughout the semester. This assessment can include quizzes, group discussions, presentations and other activities assigned by the faculty during regular practicals. For details refer internal theory examination guidelines.
- Finally 40 (10+30) marks performance of student will be converted into 20 marks.

# SEMESTER-V

## T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Major) Semester-V BIC-DSC-351: Genetics

Course	To accustom students with basic concepts of Genetics.	
Objectives	<ul> <li>To accustom students with basic concepts of Genetics.</li> <li>To attune students with organization of DNA.</li> </ul>	
o ajecti (es	<ul> <li>To study central dogma of genetics.</li> </ul>	
Course	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
Outcomes	<ul> <li>Understand and discuss the importance of Mendel's work.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Understand and discuss structure of chromosome and DNA organization.</li> </ul>	
	Understand and discuss replication, transcription, translation processes.	
	Understand and discuss fine structure of gene, gene regulation and mutation	ıs.
Unit	Contents	Hours
	Basic Genetics	
	Mendel's law	
	<ul> <li>Law of dominance</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Law of segregation</li> </ul>	
TT *4 T	<ul> <li>Law of independent assortment</li> </ul>	07
Unit I	Incomplete dominance	07
	Test cross, back cross	
	Concept of multiple alleles	
	<ul> <li>Characters, symbolism e.g. ABO types</li> </ul>	
	Lethal gene	
	Chromosomes & organization of prokaryotic & eukaryotic DNA	
	Morphology, structure and types of chromosome	
Unit II	Chromosome number and variation in chromosome number	08
	Structural organization of prokaryotic & eukaryotic DNA	
	Central dogma	
	DNA replication and transcription in bacteria	
	• DNA replication in <i>E. coli</i>	
	o Replication origin, unwinding of the strand, Template DNA, RNA	
	primer, polymerization, replication fork, leading strand, lagging	
	strand, Okazaki fragment	
	Transcription components  Townslate activated appropriate displant mately into DNA.	
<b>Unit III</b>	<ul> <li>Template, activated precursors, divalent metal ions, RNA polymerase, sigma factor</li> </ul>	08
	<ul> <li>Transcription process-initiation, elongation, termination</li> </ul>	
	• Fine structure of gene	
	<ul> <li>Cistron, muton, recon, intron, promotor, repressor, exon, regulator,</li> </ul>	
	operator etc	
	Gene regulation	
	Operon concept, <i>lac</i> operon	
	Prokaryotic Translation and Mutations	
	Activation and transfer of amino acids to tRNA	
	Translation-initiation, elongation, termination	
Unit IV	Post translational modification in eukaryotes	07
	Mutations- definition	
	Gene mutations	
i.	<ul> <li>Base pair substitutions- transition, transversion and inversion</li> </ul>	

Frameshift mutations- deletion and insertion Missense mutation, nonsense mutations Mutations in termination codons Silent mutations Mutagens: definition Chemical-base analogues, agents modifying purines pyrimidines Physical radiation Berg J. M., Tymoczko J. L., Gatto Jr. G. J., Stryer L. (2015), Biochemistry, Study Resources 8<sup>th</sup>edition, W. H. Freeman and Company, New York. Krebs J. E., Goldstein E. S., Kilpatrick S. T. (2018), Lewin's Genes XII, Jones and Barlett Learning. Gardner M., Simmons J., Snustad D. P. (2006), Principle of Genetics, 8<sup>th</sup> edition, John Willey and Sons. Strickberger M.W. (2015), Genetics, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Pearson, India. Gupta P.K. (2009), Genetics, Rastogi publication, Meerut. Satyanarayana U. (2008), Biotechnology, Books and Allied (P) Ltd, Kolkata. Agarwal G. R., Agarwal K., Agarwal O. P. (2014), Textbook of Biochemistry, Goel Publishing House, Meerut Powar C.B. (2010), Cell Biology, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai Powar C.B. (2007), Genetics Vol. I, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai

Powar C.B. (2009), Genetics Vol. II, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai

## T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Major) Semester-V BIC-DSC-352: Basic Immunology

Course	To accustom students with basics of immunology.	
Objectives	<ul> <li>To accustom students with basics of minimiology.</li> <li>To aware students about importance and role of immune system.</li> </ul>	
	•	
Course	To comprehend students with various immunochemical tests.	
Outcomes	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
Outcomes	Explore cells and organs of immune system.	
	Understand immunity and immune response.	
	<ul> <li>Discuss concept of antigen and antibody.</li> </ul>	
	Understand the importance of immunochemistry in diagnosis.	
Unit	Contents	Hours
	Cells and organs of immune system	
	Hematopoiesis	
	Cells of immune system	
	o Lymphoid cells- T-cells, B-cells, Natural killer cells, dendritic	
	cells	
	o Granulocytes- Neutrophils, Eosinophils, Basophils, Monocytes,	
	Macrophages, Mast cells	
Unit I	<ul> <li>Organs of immune system</li> <li>Primary lymphoid organs</li> </ul>	07
	Thymus	
	Bone marrow	
	Lymphatic system	
	<ul> <li>Secondary lymphoid organs</li> </ul>	
	■ Lymph nodes	
	■ Spleen	
	<ul> <li>MALT and GALT</li> </ul>	
	Immunity and Immune response	
	Immunity- definition and types	
	• Innate immunity	
	o Factors influencing innate immunity	
	Mechanism of innate immunity     Callular feator in innate immunity	
	<ul> <li>Cellular factor in innate immunity</li> <li>Adaptive/ acquired immunity</li> </ul>	
Unit II	Active and passive immunity	08
	Immune response	
	Humoral immune response	
	Primary and secondary immune response	
	<ul> <li>Antibody production</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Factors affecting antibody production</li> </ul>	
	Cell mediated immune response	
	Antigen and Antibody	
	• Antigen-	
Unit III	o Definition	08
	Basic terms- hapten, adjuvants, epitopes	
	Antigenicity and immunogenicity	
	<ul> <li>Determinants of an antigenicity</li> </ul>	

	Basic structure of antibody	
	<ul> <li>Classes of antibodies:</li> </ul>	
	<ul><li>IgG, IgA, IgM, IgD, IgE- structure and functions</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>Antigenic determinants on immunoglobulins</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Isotype, Allotype and Idiotype</li> </ul>	
	Immunochemistry	
	<ul> <li>General features of antigen-antibody reactions</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Precipitation reaction- mechanism and applications</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Flocculation reaction</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Single diffusion</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Double diffusion</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Radial immunodiffusion</li> </ul>	
Unit IV	<ul> <li>Immunoelectrophoresis</li> </ul>	07
Unit IV	<ul> <li>Crossover immunoelectrophoresis</li> </ul>	07
	<ul> <li>Rocket immunoelectrophoresis</li> </ul>	
	Agglutination reaction	
	<ul> <li>Slide and tube agglutination</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Coombs test and passive agglutination</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Immunofluorescence</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Radioimmunoassay</li> </ul>	
	• ELISA- types	
Study	Shastri N.V. (2005), Principles of Immunology, Himalaya Publishing	
Resources	House, Mumbai	
	• Kindt T. J., Goldsby R. A., Osborne B. A. (2006), Kuby Immunology, 6th	
	edition, W.H. Freeman and Company, New York	
	• Kanungo R. (2017), Ananthanarayan and Panikar's Textbook of	
	Microbiology, 10th edition, The Orient Blackswan.	
	• Delves P. J., Martin S. J., Burton D. R. (2011), Roitt's Essential	
	Immunology, 12th edition, Willey-Blackwell.	
	• Tizard I. (2005), Immunology: An Introduction, Cengage Learning (RS).	

## T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Major) Semester-V BIC-DSC-353: Plant Biochemistry

Course	To accustom students with basics of Plant Biochemistry.	
Objectives	<ul> <li>To accustom students with basics of Flant Biochemistry.</li> <li>To study the life processes of plants.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>To study the fire processes of plants.</li> <li>To generate awareness about importance of plant nutrition requirements.</li> </ul>	
Course	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
Outcomes	Discuss life processes like photosynthesis, photorespiration and	energy
	generation.	011018)
	Acquire knowledge about various phytohormones, secondary metabolit	es and
	their mechanism.	
	Understand importance of plant nutrition.	
Unit	Contents	Hours
	Photosynthesis, Photorespiration and ATP generation	
	Definition of photosynthesis, Ultra structure of chloroplast	
	Chemistry of Chlorophyll	
	Mechanism of Photosynthesis	
	o Photosystem I and II	
	<ul> <li>Light (Hill) reaction: Cyclic and non-cyclic</li> </ul>	
	photophosphorylation	
	<ul> <li>Dark reaction: C3 and C4 pathways</li> </ul>	
TI •4 T	Kranz anatomy	00
Unit I	Significance of photosynthesis  Factors of factors all the same leading and internal and in	08
	Factors affecting photosynthesis-external and internal	
	Photorespiration:      Profit in the second se	
	<ul><li>Definition</li><li>Metabolism of Photorespiration</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>Metabolism of Photorespiration</li> <li>Significance of photorespiration</li> </ul>	
	Electron transport chain:	
	Components of ETC	
	<ul> <li>Oxidative phosphorylation</li> </ul>	
	Redox potential and sites of ATP synthesis	
	Phytohormones	
	<ul> <li>Definition and types of phytohormones</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Mechanism of action, physiological effect and applications of</li> </ul>	
	o Auxins	. –
Unit II	Cytokinins	07
	O Gibberellins	
	<ul><li>Abscisic acid</li><li>Ethylene</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>Seed dormancy and seed germination</li> </ul>	
	Secondary Metabolites	
	Introduction and overview of biosynthetic pathway of secondary	
	metabolites	
Unit III	<ul> <li>Classification of Isoprenoid /terpenoids: classification, chemistry,</li> </ul>	07
Omt III	distribution and role of isoprenoids	U/
	<ul> <li>Nitrogen containing secondary plant products: Classification</li> </ul>	
	o Alkaloids: chemistry distribution classification and	
	physiological role	

	o Cyanogenic glycosides and Glucosinolates: chemistry and
	functions
	<ul> <li>Non-protein amino acids: chemistry and functions</li> </ul>
	Plant phenolics: chemistry, biological functions, classification
	Chemistry and functions of lignin, flavonoids and tannins
	Plant nutrition
	Essential and non-essential elements
	<ul> <li>Macronutrients- definition and examples</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Micronutrients- definition and examples</li> </ul>
	• Source, functions and deficiency symptoms of macronutirents (C, H,
	O, N, S, P, K, Mg, Ca and Fe)
	• Source, functions and deficiency symptoms of micronutirents (B, Mn,
Unit IV	Zn, Cu, Mo and Cl)
	Biofertilizers
	<ul> <li>Symbiotic nitrogen fixer</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Asymbiotic nitrogen fixer</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Phosphate solubilising bacteria</li> </ul>
	Organic fertilizers
	<ul> <li>Benefits and limitations of biofertilizers</li> </ul>
	Composting –mixed culture composting, vermicomposting
Study	• Gupta N. K., Gupta S. (2005), Plant physiology, Oxford and IBH
Resources	publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
	• Devlin R. M., Witham F. H. (1983), Plant Physiology, 4 <sup>th</sup> edition,
	CBS Pub. New Delhi.
	• Salisbary and Ross (2006), Plant physiology, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition, CBS Pub.
	New Delhi.
	• Verma S. K., Verma M. (1995), A Textbook of Plant Physiology,
	Biochemistry and Biotechnology, S. Chan and company ltd, New
	Delhi.
	Satyanarayana U. (2008), Biotechnology, Books and Allied (P) Ltd,
	Kolkata.
	• Jain V. K. (1983), Fundamentals of Plant Physiology, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition, S.
	Chan and company ltd, New Delhi
	• Chawla H.S. (2009), Introduction to Plant Biotechnology, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition,
	CRC press.

## T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Major) Semester-V

## **BIC-DSC-354: Practical on Genetics and Immunology**

Course	To accustom students with techniques in Molecular Biology.	
Objectives	To make students aware about Mendelian Genetics.  The state of th	
Солисо	To accustom students with immunological methods.	
Course Outcomes	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:  • Isolate DNA and estimate DNA and RNA	
Outcomes	<ul> <li>Isolate DNA and estimate DNA and RNA</li> <li>Cross match donor's and recipient's blood and conclude about blood trasfi</li> </ul>	icion
	<ul> <li>Perform various immunological Ag-Ab tests.</li> </ul>	usion.
Sr. No.	Contents	Hours
1	Isolation of genomic DNA from suitable bacterial sample	4
2	Isolation of genomic DNA from human blood sample	4
3	Isolation of genomic DNA from suitable plant sample	4
4	Quality check of isolated DNA by Agarose gel electrophoresis.	4
5	Determination of concentration of isolated DNA by spectrophotometeric method.	4
6	Purification of isolated DNA by phenol: chloroform: Isoamyl alcohol method	4
7	Estimation of DNA by DPA method	4
8	Estimation of RNA by orcinol method	4
9	Determination of Tmand GC content of DNA	4
10	Solve problems based on Mendelian genetics	4
11	Blood group detection and cross matching	4
12	Ag-Ab reaction by Ouchterlony double diffusion method	4
13	Radial immunodiffusion.	4
14	Widal agglutination test (slide test method).	4
15	VDRL test.	4
Study Resources	<ul> <li>Sadasivam S., Manikam A. (2018), Biochemical Methods, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Aneja K. R. (2003), Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology and Biotechnology, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Sawhney S.K., Singh R. (2001), Introductory Practical Biochemistry, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi</li> <li>Plummer D. (2017), An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry, Indian Edition, McGraw Hill Education.</li> <li>Jayaraman J. (1996), Laboratory manual in Biochemistry, Wiley Eastern Ltd.</li> <li>Maheshwari N. (2008), Clinical Biochemistry, Jaypee Brothers, Medical Publishers.</li> <li>Godkar P. B., Godkar D. P., Textbook of medical laboratory technology, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Bhalani Publishing House, Mumbai</li> <li>Rao B. S., Deshpande V. (2005), Experimental Biochemistry A student</li> </ul>	

## T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Major) Semester-V

# **BIC-DSC-355: Practical on Plant Biochemistry**

		1
Course	To study the process of photosynthesis in practical manner.  The study the process of photosynthesis in practical manner.  The study the process of photosynthesis in practical manner.	c 1 .
Objectives	<ul> <li>To develop skill full hand on estimation, separation and isolation of metabolites.</li> </ul>	plant
	<ul> <li>To accustom students with isolation of micro-organisms.</li> </ul>	
Course	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
Outcomes	• Explain effect of CO <sub>2</sub> , light intensity/quality on photosynthesis.	
	• Estimate, separate and isolate plant metabolites like chlorophyll, chlor	oplast,
	plant hormones and secondary metabolites	•
	Isolate microorganisms acting as biofertilizers.	
Sr. No.	Contents	Hours
1	Estimation of chlorophyll pigments by spectrophotometric method.	4
2	Separation of plant pigments by chromatography.	4
3	Isolation chloroplast from suitable leaf sample.	4
4	Spectrophotometric assay of the Hill reaction.	4
5	Effect of light intensity /quality of light on rate of photosynthesis	4
6	Effect of CO <sub>2</sub> on rate of photosynthesis.	4
7	Estimation of auxin from suitable plant source by spectrophotometeric method.	4
8	Estimation of gibberellin from suitable plant source by spectrophotometeric method.	4
9	Estimation of tannin by Folin-Dennis method.	4
10	Qualitative tests for detection of alkaloids	4
11	Qualitative tests for detection of phenolic compounds	4
12	Isolation of Phosphate solubilizing microorganisms.	4
13	Isolation of nitrogen fixing bacteria from root nodules.	4
14	Isolation of nitrogen fixing bacteria from soil sample.	4
15	Preparation of manure by vermicomposting process.	4
Study	<ul> <li>Sadasivam S., Manikam A. (2018), Biochemical Methods, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, New</li> </ul>	
Resources	Age International Pvt. Ltd.	
	<ul> <li>Aneja K. R. (2003), Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology and Biotechnology, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Sawhney S.K., Singh R. (2001), Introductory Practical Biochemistry,</li> </ul>	
	Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi	
	• Plummer D. (2017), An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry, Indian	
	Edition, McGraw Hill Education.	
	Jayaraman J. (1996), Laboratory manual in Biochemistry, Wiley Eastern  Ltd.	
	Ltd.  • Aneja K. R. (2003), Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology and	
	Biotechnology, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.	

<sup>\*</sup>Mandatory to perform any 12 practical from above.

# T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Elective) Semester-V BIC-DSE-351A: Enzymology

Course	To accustom students with basics of enzymology.	
Objectives	<ul> <li>To attune students with mechanism of enzyme action.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>To attune students with incertains of enzyme action.</li> <li>To understand applications enzyme in various fields.</li> </ul>	
Course		
Outcomes	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
	<ul> <li>Understand classification and specificity of enzymes.</li> <li>Discuss mechanism of enzyme action and enzyme kinetics.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Explain activation and deactivation of regulatory enzymes.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Explain activation and deactivation of regulatory enzymes.</li> <li>Explore various industrial applications of enzymes</li> </ul>	
Unit	Contents	Hours
	Basic concepts in Enzymology	Trours
	Definition and historical background of enzyme	
	Terminologies - intracellular enzymes, extracellular enzymes,	
	holoenzymes, apoenzymes, prosthetic group, cofactor, coenzymes,	
	isoenzymes, katal, international unit, turnover number and active site.	
	Nomenclature and classification (IUB) of enzymes	
Unit I	<ul> <li>Factors affecting enzyme activity - effect of substrate concentration,</li> </ul>	07
	enzyme concentration, product concentration, pH, temperature, activators,	
	time, light and radiation.	
	<ul> <li>Specificity of enzyme action - absolute specificity, group specificity,</li> </ul>	
	optical specificity and geometrical specificity.	
	<ul> <li>Active site - definition and salient features of active site.</li> </ul>	
	Industrial applications of enzymes	
	Enzyme Kinetics and Inhibition	
	Mechanism of enzyme action – lowering of activation energy, lock and	
	key model, induced fit model.	
	MichaelisMenten Equation: derivation, Km Vmax  Transformation of Michaelia Mentago appetion. Linguisment Purk plat.	
	<ul> <li>Transformation of Michaelis –Menten equation: Lineweaver-Burk plot, Eadie-Hofstee plot</li> </ul>	
Unit II	Inhibition: Irreversible and reversible inhibition	08
	Reversible inhibition- competitive, non-competitive and uncompetitive	
	inhibition with examples.	
	<ul> <li>Factors contributing to the catalytic efficiency of enzymes: proximity and</li> </ul>	
	orientation of the substrate, covalent catalysis, acid-base catalysis, factor	
	of strain in enzyme catalysis	
	Regulatory enzymes	
	<ul> <li>Allosteric enzymes: definition, feedback inhibition, positive and negative</li> </ul>	
	modulator, heterotropic and homotropic control, mechanism of regulatory	
	activity of allosteric enzymes- sequential and symmetry model, kinetics of	
** **	allosteric enzymes, aspartate transcarbamoylase-kinetics and inhibition	0-
Unit III	Covalently modulated enzymes: definition, explanation with example of always and phosphographics and provides and pro	07
	glycogen phosphorylase enzyme	
	<ul> <li>Covalent activation of zymogen: pepsinogen, trypsinogen, chymotrypsinogen</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Classes of proteolytic enzymes: serine, aspartate, cysteine and metalloproteases</li> </ul>	
1	пешторгосияся	<u> </u>

	Applications of enzymes	
	Enzyme Immobilization: methods	
	Applications of immobilized enzymes and cells	
Unit IV	<ul> <li>Manufacture of commercial products</li> </ul>	08
	<ul> <li>Analytical applications</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Therapeutic applications</li> </ul>	
	Enzyme based biosensors and their applications	
	<ul> <li>Nelson D. L., Cox M. M. (2013), Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry,</li> </ul>	
	6 <sup>th</sup> edition, W. H. Freeman and Company, New York.	
	• Berg J. M., Tymoczko J. L., Gatto Jr. G. J., Stryer L.(2015),	
	Biochemistry, 8 <sup>th</sup> edition, W. H. Freeman and Company, New York.	
	<ul> <li>Satynarayana U., Chakrapani U. (2017), Textbook of Biochemistry, 5<sup>th</sup></li> </ul>	
Study	edition, Elsevier, India.	
Resources	• Talwar G. P. (2002), Textbook of Human Biochemistry, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition,	
Resources	Prentice Hall India Learning Pvt. Ltd.	
	• Agarwal G. R., Agarwal K., Agarwal O. P. (2014), Textbook of	
	Biochemistry, Goel Publishing House, Meerut	
	Powar C. B. (2010), Cell Biology, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai	
	• Powar C. B., Chatwal G. R. (2011), Biochemistry, Himalaya Publishing	
	House, Mumbai	

# T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Elective) Semester-V

# BIC-DSE-351B: Molecular Biology (NPTEL course code: noc25-bt35)

Course	To accustom students with basic concepts of Molecular Biology.	
Objectives	To study central dogma of Molecular Biology.	
	To attune students with Molecular Techniques and applications.	
Course	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
Outcomes	<ul> <li>Understand and discuss cellular structure and basic biomolecules.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Explain replication, transcription, translation processes.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Understand and discuss molecular techniques like blotting, PCR, genome</li> </ul>	editing
	etc.	
	<ul> <li>Explore applications of molecular biology in various fields.</li> </ul>	
Unit	Contents	Hours
	Basics of Biological System (Part 1)	
	Cellular structure (Part I)	
	Cellular structure (Part II)	
	Cellular structure (Part III)	
	Basics of Biological System (Part 2)	
Unit I	o Cellular Metabolism	07
	Cell Cycle and control	07
	o Program Cell Death	
	Basics of Biomolecules	
	o DNA	
	o RNA	
	o Protein	
	Central Dogma of Molecular Biology	
	o Genetic Material (Part 1)	
	o Genetic Material (Part 2)	
	Central Dogma of Molecular Biology	
	Replication     Paplication (Part 1)	
Unit II	<ul><li>Replication (Part 1)</li><li>Replication (Part 2)</li></ul>	08
	Mutagenesis and repair mechanism	
	• Transcription	
	Transcription     Transcription in Prokaryotes	
	Transcription in Eukaryotes	
	Post-transcriptional Modifications	
	Translation	
	o Translation in Prokaryotes	
	o Translation in Eukaryotes	
	<ul> <li>Post-translational Modifications</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Gene control mechanisms</li> </ul>	
Unit III	Molecular Techniques (Part 1)	07
	o SouthernBlotting	
	o Northern Blotting	
	o Western Blotting	
	• Molecular Techniques (Part 2)	
	o Polymerase chain reaction (Part 1)	

	o Polymerase chain reaction (Part 2)	
	o Real-Time PCR	
Unit IV	<ul> <li>Molecular Cloning         <ul> <li>Cloning of gene</li> <li>DNA delivery</li> <li>Screening of cloned DNA</li> </ul> </li> <li>Genome Editing         <ul> <li>Genome Editing (Part 1)</li> <li>Genome Editing (Part 2)</li> <li>Genome Editing (Part 3)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Application of Molecular Biology         <ul> <li>Application of Molecular Biology (Part 1)</li> <li>Application of Molecular Biology (Part 1)</li> <li>Summary and Conclusions</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	08
Study Resources	<ul> <li>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103341</li> <li>Berg J. M., Tymoczko J. L., Gatto Jr. G. J., Stryer L. (2015), Biochemistry, 8<sup>th</sup>edition, W. H. Freeman and Company, New York.</li> <li>Krebs J. E., Goldstein E. S., Kilpatrick S. T. (2018), Lewin's Genes XII, Jones and Barlett Learning.</li> <li>Gardner M., Simmons J., Snustad D. P. (2006), Principle of Genetics, 8<sup>th</sup> edition, John Willey and Sons.</li> <li>Strickberger M.W. (2015), Genetics, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Pearson, India.</li> <li>Gupta P.K. (2009), Genetics, Rastogi publication, Meerut.</li> <li>Satyanarayana U. (2008), Biotechnology, Books and Allied (P) Ltd, Kolkata.</li> <li>Agarwal G. R., Agarwal K., Agarwal O. P. (2014), Textbook of Biochemistry, Goel Publishing House, Meerut</li> <li>Powar C.B. (2010), Cell Biology, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai</li> <li>Powar C.B. (2007), Genetics Vol. I, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai</li> <li>Powar C.B. (2009), Genetics Vol. II, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai</li> </ul>	

# T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Elective) Semester-V BIC-DSE-352A: Practical on Enzymology

Course	To state a summer big stire starting and the	
Objectives	<ul> <li>To study enzyme kinetics practically.</li> <li>To understand importance and applications of immobilization techniques.</li> </ul>	
Objectives	<ul> <li>To understand importance and applications of immobilization techniques.</li> <li>To isolate enzyme by various methods.</li> </ul>	
Course	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
Outcomes	Understand effect of various factors on enzyme activity.	
	<ul> <li>Calculate K<sub>m</sub> and V<sub>max</sub></li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Calculate K<sub>m</sub> and V<sub>max</sub></li> <li>Immobilize enzymes/cells and explore its applications.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Isolate enzymes by methods like salt/solvent precipitation.</li> </ul>	
Sr. No.	Contents	Hours
1	Estimation of maltose by DNSA method.	4
2	Determination of amylase activity	4
3	Determination of specific activity of amylase enzyme	4
4	To determine the effect of amylase concentration on the rate of reaction.	4
5	To determine the effect of substrate concentration on the activity of amylase.	4
6	To determine $K_m$ and $V_{max}$ of the reaction catalysed by amylase using M-M plot.	4
7	To determine $K_m$ and $V_{max}$ of the reaction catalysed by amylase by using L-B plot	4
8	To determine effect of suitable inhibitor on $\alpha$ -amylase activity.	4
9	To determine the effect of pH on activity of amylase.	4
10	To determine the effect of temperature on activity of amylase.	4
11	Immobilization of suitable enzyme / yeast cells.	4
12	Isolation of amylase by salt precipitation method	4
13	Isolation of enzyme by solvent precipitation method	4
14	Partial purification of salt precipitated amylase by dialysis	4
15	Qualitative determination amylase activity in precipitated sample.	4
Study Resources	<ul> <li>Sadasivam S., Manikam A. (2018), Biochemical Methods, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Aneja K. R. (2003), Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology and Biotechnology, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Sawhney S.K., Singh R. (2001), Introductory Practical Biochemistry, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi</li> <li>Plummer D. (2017), An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry, Indian Edition, McGraw Hill Education.</li> <li>Jayaraman J. (1996), Laboratory manual in Biochemistry, Wiley Eastern Ltd.</li> <li>Aneja K. R. (2003), Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology and Biotechnology, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> </ul>	

<sup>\*</sup>Mandatory to perform any 12 practical from above.

# T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Elective) Semester-V BIC-DSE-352B: Practical on Molecular Biology

# Total Hours: 60 Credits: 2

Course Objectives	<ul> <li>To accustom students with DNA isolation and estimation of DNA and RNA</li> <li>To familiarize students practically with restriction digestion and PCR</li> <li>To develop skill full hand on agarose gel electrophoresis</li> </ul>	A
Course Outcomes	<ul> <li>After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:</li> <li>Isolate DNA and estimate DNA and RNA</li> <li>Amplify DNA using PCR and fragment DNA using restriction digestion tec</li> <li>Separate DNA using agarose gel electrophoresis</li> </ul>	chnique
Sr. No.	Contents	Hours
1	Restriction digestion of DNA using molecular scissors	4
2	Separation of DNA fragments by agarose gel electrophoresis	4
3	Amplification of DNA fragment using PCR	4
4	Separation of fragments produced by PCR by agarose gel electrophoresis	4
5	Isolation of genomic DNA from suitable bacterial sample	4
6	Isolation of genomic DNA from human blood sample	4
7	Isolation of genomic DNA from suitable plant sample	4
8	Quality check of isolated DNA by Agarose gel electrophoresis.	4
9	Purity check of isolated DNA by spectrophotometeric method.	4
10	Purity check of RNA by spectrophotometeric method.	4
11	Purification of isolated DNA by suitable method	4
12	Estimation of DNA by DPA method	4
13	Estimation of RNA by orcinol method	4
14	Determination of T <sub>m</sub> and GC content of DNA	4
15	Solve problems based on Mendelian genetics	4
Study Resources	<ul> <li>Sadasivam S., Manikam A. (2018), Biochemical Methods, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Aneja K. R. (2003), Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology and Biotechnology, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Sawhney S.K., Singh R. (2001), Introductory Practical Biochemistry, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi</li> <li>Plummer D. (2017), An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry, Indian Edition, McGraw Hill Education.</li> <li>Jayaraman J. (1996), Laboratory manual in Biochemistry, Wiley Eastern Ltd.</li> <li>Sharma S., Sharma R. (2016), Practical manual of Biochemistry, Scientific International Publisher and Distributor, New Delhi.</li> <li>Maheshwari N. (2008), Clinical Biochemistry, Jaypee Brothers, Medical Publishers.</li> <li>Godkar P. B., Godkar D. P., Textbook of medical laboratory technology, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Bhalani Publishing House, Mumbai</li> </ul>	

\*Mandatory to perform any 12 practical from above.

# T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Vocational) Semester-V BIC-VSC-351: Fermentation Technology

Course	To accustom students with basics of Fermentation Technology	
Objectives	To attune students with bioreactors and downstream processing	
	To explore industrial applications of fermentation	
Course	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
Outcomes	Screen and preserve microbes and develop inoculum	
	<ul> <li>Understand instrumentation, types and working of bioreactors</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Explain the basics of downstream processing</li> </ul>	
Unit	Contents	Hours
	Basics of Fermentation Technology	
	Fermentation: definition and concept	
	Characteristic of industrial strain	
	Screening of industrially important microbes: Primary & Secondary	
	<ul> <li>Fermentation media: Composition, Raw materials, screening of media,</li> </ul>	
	antifoam, buffer.	
	Industrial sterilization process —	
Unit I	Concept and need of sterilization	08
	Types of sterilization:	00
	Batch	
	■ Continuous	
	Filtration	
	Inoculum –stock, working culture	
	Inoculum development	
	Preservation methods for industrially important microbes	
	Bioreactors	
	History of Bioreactors	
	Parts of Bioreactors and their functions	
	Materials of construction	
	<ul> <li>Valves</li> </ul>	
	<ul><li>Agitators and its types</li></ul>	
	o Sparger	
	o Port feeders	
Unit II	o Baffles	07
	Controlling system	07
	Types of bioreactors	
	Primary bioreactor	
	o Tower	
	o Air lift	
	o Deep jet	
	Conventional Bioreactor-common features	
	Operation of conventional bioreactor	
	Types of fermentation and Downstream processing	
	Types of fermentation     Types of fermentation	
<b>*</b> *	o Submerged	
Unit III	<ul><li>Solid state</li></ul>	08
	<ul> <li>Batch fermentation</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Continuous fermentation:</li> </ul>	

	■ Chemostat	
	<ul> <li>Turbidostat</li> </ul>	
	Synchronous culture and its applications.	
	Introduction to downstream processing	
	o Solid-liquid separation	
	Release of intracellular products by cell disruption	
	o Concentration	
	o Purification by chromatography	
	o Formulation	
	o Drying	
	Industrial Biotechnology	
	Industrial production of —	
	o Enzymes- amylase	
	Acid- citric acid	
Unit IV	o Alcohol- ethanol	07
	o Antibiotic- penicillin	
	Microbial biomass production	
	o Introduction	
	o Yeast	
	Economic aspect and Applications	
Study	<ul> <li>Patel A. H. (1984), Industrial Microbiology, MacMillan India Ltd, New</li> </ul>	
Resources	Delhi	
	• Verma S. K., Verma M. (1995), A Textbook of Plant Physiology,	
	Biochemistry and Biotechnology, S. Chan and company ltd, New Delhi.	
	<ul> <li>Satyanarayana U. (2008), Biotechnology, Books and Allied (P) Ltd, Kolkata.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Gupta P.K. (2005), Elements of Biotechnology, Rastogi Publication</li> </ul>	
	• Gupta P.K. (2005), Elements of Biotechnology, Rastogi Publication Meerut.	
	• Chawla H.S. (2009), Introduction to Plant Biotechnology, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition,	
	CRC press.	
	<ul> <li>Jogdand S.N. (2012), Advances in Biotechnology, Himalaya Publishing</li> </ul>	
	House, Mumbai.	
	Gupta P.K. (2008), Biotechnology and Genomics, Rastogi publication,	
	Meerut.	
	<ul> <li>Casida L. E. (1968), Industrial microbiology, 1<sup>st</sup> edition, New age international publishers.</li> </ul>	

## T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Vocational) Semester-V

# **BIC-VSC-352: Practical on Fermentation Technology**

Total Hours: 60 Credits: 2

Course Objectives	<ul> <li>To accustom students with preservation methods of microorganisms</li> <li>To develop inoculum and produce various products by fermentation technique</li> <li>To recover and estimate product produced by fermentation technique</li> </ul>	que
Course Outcomes	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:  • Preserve important microorganisms required for fermentation  • Develop imoculum and carry out fermentation successfully  • Recover and estimate product produced by fermentation technique	
Sr. No.	Contents	Hours
1	Study of various parts of Bioreactor	4
2	Preservation of industrially important microorganisms	4
3	Inoculum development for ethanol production	4
4	Production of ethanol by submerged/batch fermentation method	4
5	Recovery of ethanol by distillation method	4
6	Estimation of ethanol by dichromate method	4
7	Estimation of ethanol by specific gravity	4
8	Inoculum development for amylase production	4
9	Production of amylase by submerged/batch fermentation method	4
10	Determination of amylase activity by DNSA method	4
11	Inoculum development for citric acid production	4
12	Production of Citric acid by solid state fermentation	4
13	Production of citric acid by submerged/batch fermentation method	4
14	Recovery of citric acid	4
15	Estimation of citric acid by volumetric method	4
Study Resources	<ul> <li>Sadasivam S., Manikam A. (2018), Biochemical Methods, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Aneja K. R. (2003), Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology and Biotechnology, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Sawhney S.K., Singh R. (2001), Introductory Practical Biochemistry, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi</li> <li>Plummer D. (2017), An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry, Indian Edition, McGraw Hill Education.</li> <li>Jayaraman J. (1996), Laboratory manual in Biochemistry, Wiley Eastern Ltd.</li> <li>Aneja K. R. (2003), Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology and Biotechnology, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> </ul>	

\*Mandatory to perform any 12 practical from above.

# T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (On Job Training) Semester-V BIC-OJT-351: On Job Training/Internship

<b>Total Hours: 120</b>	Credits:4

	0100101
Course	To provide the students with actual work experience
objectives	To make aware prescribe standards and guidelines at work
	To develop the employability of participating student
	To avail an opportunities to eventually acquire job experiences
Course	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:
outcomes	Get actual work experience with office and virtual exposure to various
	management styles, technical, industrial, and procedural systems
	<ul> <li>Acquaintthe knowledge related to working hours, work protocols and guidelines</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Understand the roles and responsibilities of employee as well as team work</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Justify job experiences that match theirpotentials, skills, and competencies</li> </ul>

## Internship

An internship is a professional learning experience that offers meaningful, practical work related to a student's field of study or career interest. An internship gives a student the opportunity for career exploration and development, and to learn new skills.

### On the job training

On the job training is a form of training provided at the workplace. During the training, employees are familiarized with the working environment they will become part of. Employees also get a hands-on experience using machinery, equipment, tools, materials, etc.

### **Internship / OJT Process:**

- 1. **Pre-Approval**: Students should seek approval from the college before starting the Internship / OJT. This ensures that the Internship / OJT aligns with the curriculum and meets the necessary criteria.
- Mentor and Supervisor: Each student should have an assigned mentor at the organization/industry
  where they are interning. Additionally, anInternship / OJT supervisor from the college will be appointed
  to guide and monitor the progress.
- Regular Reporting: Students should maintain regular communication with their supervisor and mentor, providing progress reports and seeking feedback.
- Professional Conduct: Students must adhere to professional conduct throughout the Internship / OJT, including punctuality, respect for colleagues, and adherence to the organization's/industry's policies and guidelines.
- 5. **Student Diary**: Students should maintain a diary to document their experiences, challenges faced, and lessons learned during the Internship / OJT.
- 6. **Final Report**: At the end of the Internship / OJT, students should submit a comprehensive final report, summarizing their accomplishments, contributions, and key takeaways.
- 7. **Evaluation**: The Internship / OJT is worth 4 credits (equivalent to 100 marks), and the evaluation will be divided into two categories: one by the mentor and the other by the Internship / OJT supervisor. The mentor's evaluation (internal examination) will carry 40 marks, and it will be based on the student's performance during the Internship / OJT. External examination will be conducted by mentor and supervisor which will be based on the student's diary, the final report prepared by the student, and their performance in the final viva voce, and will carry60 marks. The total marks obtained by the students in both evaluations will be added together for the purpose of final evaluation. The evaluation of the students will be conducted by the mentor using the evaluation sheet provided by the college.

### **Internal Evaluation Criteria for Students by the Mentor:**

- 1. **Quality of Work** (10 marks): How well did the student perform their assigned tasks during the Internship / OJT? Evaluate the accuracy, thoroughness, and attention to detail in their work.
- 2. **Initiative and Proactiveness**(10 marks): Did the student show initiative in taking on additional responsibilities or tasks beyond their assigned role? Did they demonstrate a proactive attitude towards problem-solving?
- 3. **Communication Skills** (10 marks): Assess the student's ability to communicate effectively with colleagues, superiors, and clients (if applicable). Consider both written and verbal communication.
- 4. **Problem-Solving SkillsandTime Management** (10 marks): Evaluate the student's ability to analyze problems, propose solutions, and implement effective strategies to overcome challenges. How well did the student manage their time during the Internship / OJT? Were they able to meet project deadlines and handle multiple tasks efficiently?

## External Evaluation Criteria for Students by the Supervisor and Mentor:

- 1. **Student Diary** (15 marks): Review the student's diary to understand their reflections, insights gained, and self-assessment of their performance during the Internship / OJT.
- 2. **Final Report** (15 marks): Evaluate the quality and comprehensiveness of the student's final report, including the clarity of their achievements and contributions.
- 3. **Presentation of Student in Viva Voce** (30 marks): Evaluate the responses given by the student to the questions asked by the faculty in the Viva Voce.

#### **Evaluation Criteria for Final Viva Voce:**

- 1. Presentation Skills
- 2. Knowledge of the Internship / OJT Project
- 3. Practical Application and Work Experience
- 4. Problem-Solving and Critical Thinking
- 5. Communication and Professionalism

# SEMESTER-VI

## T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Major) Semester-VI

# **BIC-DSC-361: Fundamentals of Toxicology**

Course	To accustom students with basic concepts of toxicology		
Objectives	<ul> <li>To accustom students with basic concepts of toxicology</li> <li>To make students understand mechanism of action and metabolism of toxicants</li> </ul>		
J	To study biotransformation of toxicants		
Course	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:		
Outcomes	<ul> <li>Understand basic concepts of toxicants, toxicity and dose-response relationshi</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Onderstand basic concepts of toxicants, toxicity and dose-response relationship</li> <li>Comprehend metabolism and mode of action of toxicants</li> </ul>		
	Understand biotransformation and bioaccumulation of toxicants		
Unit	Contents	Hours	
	Basic Concepts of Toxicology		
	Toxicology: Definition, history, scope, basic divisions and goals of		
	toxicology		
	Toxicants and toxicity:		
	<ul> <li>Definition and concept</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Factors that influence toxicity</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Toxicity of chemical mixtures</li> </ul>		
	• Dose:		
Unit I	<ul> <li>Definition</li> </ul>	07	
	<ul> <li>Selection of dose</li> </ul>		
	Effect and response of dose		
	Dose-response relationship:		
	• Graded/quantitative response		
	• Quantal/quantum response		
	Statistical concept of toxicity:  Concentration response relationship/Threshold limits		
	<ul> <li>Concentration-response relationship/ Threshold limits</li> <li>Criteria for effects and LD<sub>50</sub></li> </ul>		
	Absorption, Translocation and Excretion of Xenobiotics		
	Membrane permeability and mechanism of chemical transfer		
	Absorption of Xenobiotics:		
	Gastro-intestinal tract		
	O Skin, Lungs		
	<ul> <li>Parenteral administration</li> </ul>		
	Translocation of Xenobiotics:		
	<ul> <li>Membrane Barriers</li> </ul>		
Unit II	<ul> <li>Binding of xenobiotics to plasma proteins</li> </ul>	08	
	o Storage depots: Body fats, brain tissue, erythrocytes and other	00	
	storage depots		
	Excretion of Xenobiotics:		
	o Renal excretion		
	Biliary excretion     Gostan intestinal treat		
	<ul><li>Gastro-intestinal tract</li><li>Expired air</li></ul>		
	<ul><li>Expired air</li><li>Sweat, Saliva</li></ul>		
	Milk, Vaginal secretion		
	Mode of Action of Toxicants		
Unit III	• Effect of toxicants on structural proteins, enzymes, carriers, coenzymes,	08	
	nucleic acids and lipids	00	
L	nactore actor and riptor		

	Receptor Concept:	
	Definition, location and chemical nature	
	Categories of receptors	
	Mechanism of action of receptors	
	<ul> <li>Factors affecting functions of receptors</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Concept of agonism and antagonism</li> </ul>	
	Role of receptors in toxicology	
	Mechanism of action of commonly used toxicants:	
	Metals	
	Pesticides	
	m .	
	<ul><li>Teratogens</li><li>Ionizing and non-ionizing radiations</li></ul>	
	Biotransformation of Toxicants	
	Biotransformation: Definition, sites, principle, objectives	
	Mechanism of biotransformation	
	Phase I reactions:	
	Oxidation	
	o Reduction	
** • * ***	o Hydrolysis	0=
Unit IV	Phase II reactions: conjugation reactions	07
	Factors affecting biotransformation	
	Biotransformation of DDT	
	Bioactivation	
	Antidotes/antagonists:	
	<ul> <li>Definition and classification</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Mechanism of antidotal therapy</li> </ul>	
	Antidotal procedures	
Study	• Klaassen C. D. (2008), Casarett and Doull's Toxicology- The Basic	
Resources	Science of Poisons, 7 <sup>th</sup> edition, The McGraw Hill Companies Inc.	
	<ul> <li>Hayes A. W. and Kruger C. L. (2014) Hayes' Principles and Methods of</li> </ul>	
	Toxicology, 6th edition, CRC Press.	
	Harbison R. D. (1998) Hamilton and Hardy's Industrial Toxicology, 5th	
	edition, Mosby.	
	Ung-Mu Lee, Sam Kacew, HyungSik Kim (2017) Lu's Basic Toxicology:	
	Fundamentals, Target Organs, and Risk Assessment, 7 <sup>th</sup> edition, CRC	
	Press.	
	• Lipmann M. (2009), Environmental toxicants – Human Exposure and	
	Their Health Effects, 3rd edition, Wiley Interscience.	
	• Duffus J. H. and Worth H. (1996) Fundamental Toxicology for Chemists,	
	Royal Society of Chemistry.	
	• Pandey K., Shukla J. P., Trivedi S. P. (2005) Fundamentals of	
	Toxicology, New Central Book Agency, Kolkata	
	• Subramanian M. A. (2010), Toxicology, Principles and Methods, 2 <sup>nd</sup>	
	revised edition, MJP Publisher, Chennai.	
	• Sharma P. D. (2003), Toxicology, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition, Rastogi Publication,	
	Meerut.	

# T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Major) Semester-VI

## **BIC-DSC-362: Animal and Plant Tissue Culture**

Course	To accustom students with animal tissue culture technique	
Objectives	*	
3	To accustom students with plant tissue culture technique  The state of the sta	
Course	To make student competent in plant and animal tissue culture sector	
Outcomes	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
Outcomes	Culture animal and plant cells	
	Understand the construction of ATC and PTC lab and maintainance of cell	l lines
	Explore applications of ATC and PTC	T
Unit	Contents	Hours
	Introduction to animal tissue culture	
	Introduction and historical background	
	Terminologies in cell culture	
	o Organ culture, cell culture, histotypic culture, organotypic	
	culture, primary culture and cell line	
	Laboratory design and required facilities	0=
Unit I	Sterlization methods- Dry heat, moist heat, filters, sterile filteration	07
	Advantages and limitations of animal tissue culture	
	Applications of animal cell culture  The first state of the state	
	Types of culture media for animal cells;  Network media and actificial media	
	<ul> <li>Natural media and artificial media</li> <li>Physiochemical properties- CO<sub>2</sub> and bicarbonates; Buffering;</li> </ul>	
	Oxygen; Osmolarity; Temperature	
	Primary cell culture and cell lines	
	Primary cell culture	
	Techniques for primary culture, Mechanical disaggregation,	
	Enzymatic disaggregation (Trypsin and collagenase), Primary	
	explants.	
Unit II	<ul> <li>Separation of viable and non viable cells.</li> </ul>	08
	Cell lines	
	o Finite cell lines, Continuous cell lines, Nomenclature of cell lines,	
	Selection of cell lines, Maintenance of cell lines	
	• Subculture	
	Monolayer and suspension culture  Trace leading to the state of t	
	Introduction to plant tissue culture  • Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture	
	<ul> <li>Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture</li> <li>Defination, History, Scope, Terms used in Plant tissue culture</li> </ul>	
	Organization of Tissue culture laboratory	
	Facilities, Equipments and Basic Techinques.	
	Culture media:	
Unit III	o Synthetic and Natural, Murashige and Skoog, Gamborg's B5,	07
	White's Medium, Nitsch and NitschMedium	
	<ul> <li>Basic constituents of PTC medium</li> </ul>	
	Types of cultures	
	o Callus culture, Organ culture, Suspension culture, Protoplast	
	culture.	
	Applications of Plant tissue culture	

	Micropropagation and Agrobacterium mediated gene transfer	
	Micropropagation:	
	<ul> <li>Definition and Technique, Multiplication by axillary buds and</li> </ul>	
	apical shoots- meristem, shoot tip cultures and bud cultures	
	Organogenesis-direct and indirect	
Unit IV	Somatic embryogenesis-direct and indirect, Artificial seeds	08
	Embryo culture and Embryo rescue	VO
	Agrobacterium mediated gene transfer	
	o Organisation of Ti plasmid, T-DNA transfer and integration, Ti	
	plasmid derived vector systems, Plant transformation techniques	
	using Agrobacterium, Advantages and limitation of	
	Agrobacterium mediated gene transfer	
Study	• Culture of Animal Cells(2005) 5th Edition, FreshneyWiley-Liss,	
Resources	• Animal Cell Culture - Practical Approach (2000), 3rd Edition, Ed. John	
	R.W. Masters Oxford University Press Animal Cell Culture Techniques.	
	(1998). Ed. Martin ClynesSpringer	
	• Gupta P. K. (2005), Elements of Biotechnology, Rastogi Publication	
	Meerut.	
	• Ignacimuthu S. (1997), Applied plant biotechnology, Science Publishers,	
	U.S.	
	• Ramavat K. G. (2008), Plant biotechnology, S. Chand and Co., New Delhi.	
	• Satyanarayana U. (2008), Biotechnology, Books and Allied (P) Ltd,	
	Kolkata.	
	<ul> <li>Chawla H.S. (2009), Introduction to Plant Biotechnology, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, CRC</li> </ul>	
	press.	
	<ul> <li>Jogdand S.N. (2012), Advances in Biotechnology, Himalaya Publishing</li> </ul>	
	House, Mumbai.	

## T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Major) Semester-VI BIC-DSC-363: Metabolism

Сописо	The second and the second best of most of all and	
Course Objectives	To accustom students with basics of metabolism  The accusable of active and active and active a	
Objectives	To comprehend catabolism and anabolism of various metabolites  To comprehend catabolism and anabolism of various metabolites  To comprehend catabolism and anabolism of various metabolites.	
Course	To aware students about regulation of metabolic reactions	
Course Outcomes	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
Outcomes	Acquire the knowledge of various catabolic and anabolic reactions re	lated to
	carbohydrate and amino acids	
	Comprehendlipid and nucleotide metabolic reactions  Understand importance of metabolic in living things.	
T7 *4	Understand importance of metabolism in living things	TT
Unit	Contents	Hours
Unit I	<ul> <li>Carbohydrate metabolism</li> <li>Glycolysis: steps; balance sheet; bioenergetics; fate of pyruvate</li> <li>Tricarboxylic acid cycle: oxidation of pyruvate to acetyl Co-A; steps of TCA cycle; balance sheet; bioenergetics</li> <li>Glyoxylate cycle</li> <li>HMP pathway: functions of HMP pathway; steps</li> <li>Glycogenolysis: steps of conversion of glycogen to glucose under the influence of epinephrine and glucagon</li> <li>Gluconeogenesis: from pyruvate and amino acids</li> <li>Glycogen biosynthesis</li> </ul>	08
Unit II	<ul> <li>Amino acids metabolism</li> <li>Proteolysis: digestion of proteins; enzymes involved in digestion of protein</li> <li>Transamination: Transamination of L-aspartate, L-alanine, L-leucine, and L-tyrosine; mechanism of the reaction</li> <li>Oxidative deamination: general reaction; oxidative deamination of glutamate</li> <li>Transmethylation: mechanism of transmethylation involving methionine as methyl group donor</li> <li>Decarboxylation: general reaction; decarboxylation of histidine, tryptophan and arginine</li> <li>Nitrogen excretory products: <ul> <li>Synthetic pathway</li> <li>Glutamine pathway</li> <li>Direction excretion</li> <li>Creatine and Creatinine</li> <li>Urea cycle</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	07
Unit III	<ul> <li>Lipid metabolism</li> <li>Activation of fatty acids and transportation into mitochondria</li> <li>β-oxidation of saturated even carbon fatty acids: steps, balance sheet, bioenergetics</li> <li>β-oxidation of saturated odd carbon fatty acids: steps, fate of propionyl Co-A</li> <li>β-oxidation of unsaturated fatty acids: fatty acids having one and two double bonds</li> <li>Biosynthesis of fatty acids: formation of malonyl Co-A; enzymes and</li> </ul>	07

	functions of fatty acid synthetase complex; steps of fatty acid biosynthesis	
	Elongation of saturated fatty acid and desaturation of fatty acids	
	Nucleotides metabolism	
	Biosynthesis of purine ribonucleotides: steps of AMP and GMP	
	biosynthesis	
	Regulation of purine nucleotide biosynthesis  Regulation of purine nucleotide biosynthesis	
	Biosynthesis of pyrimidine ribonucleotide: steps of UMP and CMP	
	biosynthesis	
<b>T</b> 7 •4 <b>T</b> 77	Regulation of pyrimidine biosynthesis	00
Unit IV	Biosynthesis of Deoxyribonucleotides: conversion of ribose sugar to	08
	2'deoxyribose sugar	
	Formation of deoxythymidylic acid: steps	
	Regulation of deoxyribonucleotide biosynthesis	
	Degradation of purines	
	Salvage of purines	
	Purine nucleotide cycle	
	Pyrimidine degradation	
Study	• Nelson D. L., Cox M. M. (2013), Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry,	
Resources	6 <sup>th</sup> edition, W. H. Freeman and Company, New York.	
	Berg J. M., Tymoczko J. L., Gatto Jr. G. J., Stryer L.(2015),      Stryer L.(2015),	
	Biochemistry, 8 <sup>th</sup> edition, W. H. Freeman and Company, New York.	
	• Satynarayan U., Chakrapani U. (2017), Textbook of Biochemistry,	
	5 <sup>th</sup> edition, Elsevier, India.	
	• Talwar G. P. (2002), Textbook of Human Biochemistry, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition,	
	Prentice Hall India Learning Pvt. Ltd.	
	• Agarwal G. R., Agarwal K., Agarwal O. P. (2014), Textbook of	
	Biochemistry, Goel Publishing House, Meerut	
	Powar C. B. (2010), Cell Biology, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai      D. C. B. (2011), Physical Review B. 11111.      Property of the Control of the	
	Powar C. B., Chatwal G. R. (2011), Biochemistry, Himalaya Publishing  Hand Manufacture.  Powar C. B., Chatwal G. R. (2011), Biochemistry, Himalaya Publishing	
	House, Mumbai	

## T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Major) Semester-V BIC-DSC-364: Clinical Biochemistry

Course	To accustom students with Biochemistry of various diseases	
Objectives	To attune students with inborn errors of metabolism	
	To generate awareness about clinical significance of marker enzymes	
Course	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
Outcomes	Learn various disorders related to carbohydrate metabolism	
	Study different hemoglobinopathies	
	<ul> <li>Understand clinical importance of various enzymes and isoenzymes</li> </ul>	
	Learn concept of inborn errors of metabolism	
Unit	Contents	Hours
	Disorders related to Carbohydrate metabolism	
	Regulation of blood glucose level	
	Supply of glucose to the blood and removal glucose from blood  But the application of the second secon	
	O Post absorptive state	
	<ul><li>Postprandial state</li><li>Fundamental regulatory mechanism</li></ul>	
	Hormonal influence on carbohydrate metabolism	
Unit I	Blood sugar level and its clinical significance	08
	Normal values of blood glucose level	
	Causes of hyperglycemia and hypoglycaemia	
	Glycosuria: mechanism, types-hyperglycemic glycosuria and renal	
	glycosuria and their subtypes	
	<ul> <li>Diabetes Mellitus: Definition, stages of diabetes mellitus, clinical types</li> </ul>	
	and causes, metabolic changes and complications, effect of insulin on	
	carbohydrate, lipid and protein metabolism	
	Hemoglobinopathies	
	Structure and functions of hemoglobin	
	Abnormal hemoglobins: types based on mutation in structural gene and	
Unit II	mutation in regulator gene  o Sickle cell anaemia	07
Omt 11	And the state of t	07
	<ul> <li>Methemoglobinemia-Hb-M, Hb-Sabine</li> <li>High O<sub>2</sub>-affinity hemoglobins-Hb-Chesapeake, Hb-Rainier</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Hemoglobin interfere in mRNA formation-Hb-Constant spring</li> </ul>	
	o Thalassemia	
	Enzymes and isoenzymes of clinical importance	
	General consideration	
	Serum enzymes in heart diseases	
	Serum enzymes in liver diseases	
Unit III	Serum enzymes in GI tract diseases	07
	Serum enzymes in muscle diseases	
	Serum enzymes in bone diseases	
	Isoenzymes: definition, clinical significance of LDH and CPK	
	isoenzymes	
	Inborn Errors of Metabolism	
Unit IV	Carbohydrate metabolism disorders  Lactors intolerance	08
	Lactose intolerance     Glycogen storage disease.	
	Glycogen storage disease	

	o Galactosemia
	Protein metabolism disorders
	o Phenylketonuria
	<ul> <li>Alkaptonuria</li> </ul>
	o Albinism
	<ul> <li>Maple syrup urine disease</li> </ul>
	Lipids metabolism disorders
	o Gaucher's disease
	<ul> <li>Nieman Pick's disease</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Tay Sachs disease</li> </ul>
	Nucleic acid metabolism disorders
	<ul> <li>Lesch Nyhan syndrome</li> </ul>
	o Gout
Study	• Chatterjee M. N., Shinde R. (2012) Textbook of Medical Biochemistry, 8 <sup>th</sup>
Resources	edition, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd, New Delhi
	• Dua A., Mahajan R. (2018) Clinical Biochemistry, JnandaPrakashan, Delhi
	• Satynarayana U., Chakrapani U. (2017) Textbook of Biochemistry,
	5 <sup>th</sup> edition, Elsevier, India.
	• Hall J. E. (2019), Guyton and Hall Textbook of Medical Physiology, 2 <sup>nd</sup>
	South Asia edition, Elsevier, India.
	• Sanyal S., Bhattacharyya A. (2012), Clinical Pathology-A Practical
	Manual, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition, Elsevier, India.
	• Murray R., Bender D., Botham K. (2012), Harper's Illustrated
	Biochemistry, 29 <sup>th</sup> edition, McGraw Hill Education.
	• Talwar G. P. (2002), Textbook of Human Biochemistry, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition,
	Prentice Hall India Learning Pvt. Ltd.
	• Chatterjee C. C. (2018), Human Physiology Vol I and II, 12 <sup>th</sup> edition, CBS.

### Semester-VI BIC-DSC-365:Ayruved: Ancient Indian Medicinal System

Total Hours: 30 Credits: 2

Course		1
Objectives	To indtroduce students to great Ancient Indian Medicinal System: Ayruve  To make the description of the state of the	
	To make students aware about ayurvedic diagnosis of some common disease.  The state of the	
Course	To make students aware about ayurvedic treatment of some common disease.  A Grant Common di	ases
Outcomes	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
Gutcomes	Recognize the importance of Ayurved in medical field	
	Understand base of Ayurvedic treatment	
	Explore home remedies for common diseases	T
Unit	Contents	Hours
Unit I	<ul> <li>Ayurveda- Traditional medicinal system</li> <li>Ayurveda: Definition, Scope, History and origin</li> <li>Father of Indian ancient medicine         <ul> <li>Charaka: Biography and contribution.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Father of Indian ancient surgery:         <ul> <li>Sushruta: Biography and contribution.</li> </ul> </li> <li>PanchaMahabhutas: Akasha, Vayu, Agni, Ap (Jal), Prithvi</li> <li>Saptadhatu: Rasa, Rakta, Mansa, Meda, Asthi, Majja, Shukra</li> <li>Tridosha: Vata, Kapha, and Pitta and their subtypes</li> <li>Rasayana: Definition, types (KamyaRasayanas and NaimittikaRasayanas), formulations.</li> </ul>	08
	Ajirna(Indigestion)  Ajirna (Indigestion)  Definition, clinical description History and epidemiology Etiology Pathogenesis and pathology Clinical diagnosis Classification of indigestion Clinical course and prognosis Management: Ayurvedic therapy and management, clinical experiences Life style changes Amlapita (Hyperacidity) Definition, clinical description History and epidemiology Etiology Pathogenesis and pathology Clinical diagnosis Classification Clinical features of GERD Therapy Lifestyle changes Home remedies for hyperacidity	07
	Medoroga (Obesity) and Madhumeha (Diabetes Mellitus) Medoroga (Obesity)	08

	Definition, Agni and srotas, Adipose tissue	
	Measurement of obesity	
	Features of obseisty	
	Symptoms and signs	
	Obesity and affect disorders	
	Body mass index	
	Prevention of obesity	
	Management of obesity	
	Madhumeha (Diabetes Mellitus)	
	Introduction	
	Clinical description	
	Pathogenesis	
	Clinical course and prognosis	
	Clinical examination and diagnosis	
	• Therapy	
	Shvasa (Bronchial Asthma) and Kaphaja Disease (Allergry)	
	Shvasa (Bronchial Asthma)	
	Definition	
	Etiology	
	Pathology and Pathogenesis	
	Clinical Features	
	Clinical Course and Prognosis	
	Management	
	Ayurvedic Approach	
Unit IV	o Precautions	07
	o Diet	07
	o Lifestyle	
	o Breathing	
	o Meditation	
	Kaphaja Disease (Allergry)	
	Definition and clinical description	
	Etiology	
	• Pathogenesis	
	Diagnosis and prognosis	
	Therapy	
Study	<ul> <li>Scientific Basis for Ayurvedic Therapies, CRC PRESS</li> </ul>	
Resources	Indication of vedic plants available in the present era, International Journal of	
	Ayurveda and Pharma Research	
	Sherwin, R.S., Diabetes mellitus, in Cecil Textbook of Medicine, Goldman,	
	L. and Bennett, J.C., Eds., W.B. Saunders, New York, 2000.	
	<ul> <li>Swoboda, R.E. (translator), Prakriti: Your Ayurvedic Constitution, 1st ed., MotilalBanarasidas, New Delhi, 1994.</li> </ul>	
	deShazo, R.D., Allergic rhinitis, in Cecil Text Book of Medicine, Goldman,	
	L. and Bennett, J.C., Eds., W.B. Saunders, Philadelphia, 2000.	
	2. and Defined, J.C., Las., 11.2. Saunders, I inflatelphia, 2000.	<u> </u>

### T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Major)

### Semester-VI BIC-DSC-366: Practical on Toxicology

Total Hours: 60 Credits: 2

Course	To acquaintstudents with various toxicological methods	
Objectives	To make students understand effect of various factors on toxicity	
	To make students able to determine various toxins	
Course	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
Outcomes	Determine LC <sub>50</sub> value of pollutants	
	Determine the effect of temperature and pH on toxicity of pollutant	
	Determine various insecticides	
Sr. No.	Contents	Hours
1	Determination of LC <sub>50</sub> value of a pollutant by using suitable test animal	4
2	Determination of the effect of temperature on the toxicity of a pollutant	4
3	Determination of the effect of pH on the toxicity of a pollutant	4
4	Qualitative evaluation of pesticide residues in vegetable samples	4
5	Qualitative evaluation of pesticide residues in fruit samples	4
6	Qualitative evaluation of pesticide residues in food samples	4
7	Determination of combined toxicity of pollutants on suitable organism	4
8	Biodegradation of dyes	4
9	Evaluation of toxicity of Biodegraded dyes	4
10	Determination of Organophosphates insecticeds by using iodine fumigated	4
	paperstrips  Determination of Organophosphates insecticeds by using silver nitrate and sodium	_
11	hydroxide treated paper strips	4
12	Determination of Organophosphates insecticeds by methyl red treated paper strip	4
	Determination of Organophosphates insecticeds by sodium carbonate and methonalic ferric chloride treated paper strip	4
14	Determination of dimetholate by using silver nitrate and sodium hydroxide treated paper strips	4
15	Determination of phosphamidon and quinolphos by using silver nitrate and sodium hydroxide treated paper strips	4
Study	• Subramanian M. A. (2010), Toxicology, Principles and Methods, 2 <sup>nd</sup>	
Resources	revised edition, MJP Publisher, Chennai.	
	S Easwari and R Jayakumar, Detection of pesticide residues in vegetables  by using rapid test KIT. International Journal of Chamical Studies 2017:  1. **Transfer of Chamical Studies**  2. **Transfer of Chamical Studies**  3. **T	
	by using rapid test KIT. International Journal of Chemical Studies 2017; 5(5): 2274-2277.	
	• Gilden RC, Huffling K, Sattler B. Pesticides and Health Risks. J. Obstet.	
	Gynecol. Neonatal. Nurs. 2010; 39:103-110.	
	<ul> <li>Katrolia SP, Methotra RK, Ramanujam S. Thin layer chromatography of pesticides and their residues. Def. Sci. J., 1973; 24:113-119.</li> </ul>	

\*Mandatory to perform any 12 practical from above.

### Semester-VI BIC-DSC-367:Practical on Clinical Biochemistry

Total Hours: 60 Credits: 2

Course	TD 4 4 1 4 21 2 41 1 2 4 4	
Objectives	To accustom students with various pathological tests	
Objectives	To generate awareness about clinical significance of the tests	
	To develop skill full hand on pathological tests	
Course Outcomes	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
Outcomes	Estimate various clinically important components and understand their of the components.	clinical
	significance	
	Estimate various clinically important enzymes and understand their of the control of the co	clinical
	significance	
	Correlate results obtained clinically	
Sr. No.	Contents	Hours
1	Estimation of blood glucose by suitable method	4
2	Estimation of reducing sugar in urine	4
3	Estimation of haemoglobin by using haematometer and its significance	4
4	Estimation of serum bilirubin.	4
5	Estimation of SGOT by 2, 4 DNPH method	4
6	Estimation of SGPT by 2, 4 DNPH method	4
7	Estimation of serum alkaline phosphatase by colorimetric method	4
8	Estimation of serum acid phosphatase by colorimetric method	4
9	Estimation of serum cholesterol by colorimetric method	4
10	Estimation of serum uric acid from the given sample	4
11	Estimation of serum urea from the given sample	4
12	Estimation of serum creatinine from the given sample	4
13	Detection of abnormal constituents of urine: Sugar, protein, ketone bodies and bile pigments	4
14	Estimation of proteins by Biuret method	4
15	Estimation of serum calcium from given sample	4
Study Resources	<ul> <li>Sharma S., Sharma R. (2016), Practical manual of Biochemistry, Scientific International Publisher and Distributor, New Delhi.</li> <li>Maheshwari N. (2008), Clinical Biochemistry, Jaypee Brothers, Medical Publishers.</li> <li>Godkar P. B., Godkar D. P., Textbook of medical laboratory technology, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Bhalani Publishing House, Mumbai</li> <li>Sadasivam S., Manickam A. (2018), Biochemical Methods, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Sawhney S. K., Singh R. (2001), Introductory Practical Biochemistry, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi</li> </ul>	

<sup>\*</sup>Mandatory to perform any 12 practical from above.

### Semester-VI BIC-DSE-361A: Genetic Engineering

Total Hours: 30 Credits: 2

Course	To introduce students to the genetic engineering field	
Objectives	To marouse students to the general engineering field	
- ·· <b>y</b> · · · · ·	To make students aware about various genetic engineering techniques  To approximate the standard and a standard are standard as a standard as a standard are standard as a standard as a standard are standar	
Course	To appraise students about applications of genetic engineering.	
Outcomes	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
Outcomes	Learn role of enzymes and vectors involved in gene transfer.	
	Explain various gene transfer methods.	
	Understand gene library preparation.	
	<ul> <li>Understand the basic principles of DNA sequencing and PCR.</li> </ul>	
Unit	Contents	Hours
	Introduction to Genetic Engineering	
	Concepts of Genetic engineering	
Unit I	<ul> <li>Enzymes involved in genetic engineering- restriction endonucleases, DNA</li> </ul>	07
	ligases, Alkaline phosphatases, DNA modifying enzymes	
	Prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells as hosts	
	Vectors and methods of gene transfer	
	Vectors- Plasmids, Bacteriophages, Cosmids, Artificial chromosome	
	vectors, Shuttle vectors	
Unit II	Construction of rDNA- palindromes and staggered cleavage adding poly	08
Omt II	dA and poly dT tails, blunt end ligation	
	<ul> <li>Methods of gene transfer- transformation, conjugation, Electroporation,</li> <li>Liposome mediated gene transfer, transduction, direct transfer of DNA,</li> </ul>	
	particle bombardment, microinjection, polyethylene glycol mediated gene	
	transfer	
	Gene Libraries	
	Concept of gene libraries	
	• Creation of human gene library, Use of long chain PCR for gene library	
Unit III	construction	07
	<ul> <li>cDNA libraries- cDNA synthesis, construction of cDNA libraries, RT-PCR</li> </ul>	07
	for cDNA libraries	
	<ul> <li>Screening Strategies- screening by DNA hybridization, DNA probes,</li> </ul>	
	colony hybridization, PCR, immunological assay, protein function	
	Techniques in Genetic Engineering	
	DNA Sequencing: Technique, applications, limitations of	
	o Maxam Gilbert technique	
	o Sanger's Dideoxynucleotide method	
Unit IV	<ul><li>Pyrosequencing</li><li>DNA chip</li></ul>	08
Omt IV	<ul> <li>Polymerase Chain Reaction: principle, technique, applications of PCR in</li> </ul>	
	various fields	
	<ul> <li>Blotting Techniques: Southern, Northern and Western blotting.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Introduction to genome editing</li> </ul>	
	Regulatory framework for GE in India	
	Tregulatory framework for OD in finding	l

### Study Resources

- Berg J. M., Tymoczko J. L., Gatto Jr. G. J., Stryer L. (2015), Biochemistry, 8<sup>th</sup> edition, W. H. Freeman and Company, New York.
- Krebs J. E., Goldstein E. S., Kilpatrick S. T. (2018), Lewin's Genes XII, Jones and Barlett Learning.
- Gardner M., Simmons J., Snustad D. P. (2006), Principle of Genetics, 8<sup>th</sup> edition, John Willey and Sons.
- Strickberger M.W. (2015), Genetics, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Pearson, India.
- Gupta P.K. (2009), Genetics, Rastogi publication, Meerut.
- Satyanarayana U. (2008), Biotechnology, Books and Allied (P) Ltd, Kolkata.
- Agarwal G. R., Agarwal K., Agarwal O. P. (2014), Textbook of Biochemistry, Goel Publishing House, Meerut
- Powar C.B. (2010), Cell Biology, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai
- Powar C.B. (2007), Genetics Vol. I, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai
- Powar C.B. (2009), Genetics Vol. II, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai

## T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Elective) Semester-VI

### BIC-DSE-361B: Enzyme Sciences and Technology (NPTEL course code: noc25-bt19)

**Total Hours: 30** Credits: 2

Course	To accust on students with begins of angumalogy	
Objectives	To accustom students with basics of enzymology  To actuate a students with machine of anymology	
	To attune students with mechanism of enzyme action	
~	To understand applications enzyme in various fields	
Course	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
Outcomes	<ul> <li>Understand classification and specificity of enzymes</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Discuss mechanism of enzyme action and enzyme kinetics</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Explain activation and deactivation of regulatory enzymes</li> </ul>	
	Explore various industrial applications of enzymes	
Unit	Contents	Hours
	Introduction to Enzymes	
	<ul> <li>Introduction to Enzymes</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Basics of Enzyme</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Enzyme Classification (Part-I)</li> </ul>	
	o Enzyme Classification (Part-II)	
	<ul> <li>Enzyme Nomenclature</li> </ul>	
Unit I	Structure of enzyme	08
Cint I	o Enzyme Structure (Part 1)	00
	o Enzyme Structure (Part 2)	
	o Enzyme Structure (Part 3)	
	• Enzyme Production (Part 1)	
	o Cloning of Enzyme (Part 1)	
	o Cloning of Enzyme (Part 2)	
	Over-expression in Host	
	• Enzyme Production (Part 2)	
	<ul> <li>Extraction of enzyme</li> </ul>	
	o Purification Strategies (Part 1)	
	o Purification Strategies (Part 2)	
	• Enzyme Production (Part 3)	
Unit II	o Purification Strategies (Part 3)	08
0 222 22	o Purification Strategies (Part 4)	
	<ul> <li>Enzyme Characterization Approaches</li> </ul>	
	• Enzyme catalyzed Biochemical reactions	
	Enzyme Catalyzed reactions (Part 1: Carbohydrate Metabolism)	
	o Enzyme Catalyzed reactions (Part 2: Lipid and Protein Metabolism)	
	Enzyme Catalyzed reactions (Part 3: Detoxification)	
	• Enzyme-Substrate interaction	
	o Enzyme-Substrate interaction (Part 1: Spectroscopic approaches)	
	o Enzyme-Substrate interaction (Part 2: Isothermal Calorimetry)	
	Enzyme-Substrate interaction (Part 3: Surface plasma resonance)	
<b>Unit III</b>	Enzyme assay system and Kinetics	07
	• Enzyme assay system	
	o Enzyme Kinetics (Part 1)	
	o Enzyme Kinetics (Part 2)	
	Enzyme Inhibitor Designing  Likibitor designing (Part 1s Tooditional agrees)	
	o Inhibitor designing (Part 1: Traditional approach)	

	<ul> <li>Inhibitor designing (Part 2: Modern approach)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Inhibitor designing (Part 3: Computational approaches)</li> </ul>	
	Enzyme Inhibition kinetics	
	o Enzyme Inhibition kinetics (Part 1)	
	<ul> <li>Enzyme Inhibition kinetics (Part 2)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Enzyme Inhibition kinetics (Part 3)</li> </ul>	
	• Enzyme Applications (Part 1)	
Unit IV	o Enzymes in Industrial setup (Part 1)	07
Omt IV	o Enzymes in Industrial setup (Part 2)	07
	<ul> <li>Enzymes in catalyzing chemical reactions</li> </ul>	
	• Enzyme Applications (Part 2)	
	<ul> <li>Enzymes in medical field</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Enzymes in environment field</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Enzymes in drug discovery</li> </ul>	
Study	• https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103097	
Resources	<ul> <li>Nelson D. L., Cox M. M. (2013), Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry, 6<sup>th</sup></li> </ul>	
	edition, W. H. Freeman and Company, New York.	
	• Berg J. M., Tymoczko J. L., Gatto Jr. G. J., Stryer L.(2015), Biochemistry,	
	8 <sup>th</sup> edition, W. H. Freeman and Company, New York.	
	<ul> <li>Satynarayana U., Chakrapani U. (2017), Textbook of Biochemistry, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Elsevier, India.</li> </ul>	
	• Talwar G. P. (2002), Textbook of Human Biochemistry, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition,	
	Prentice Hall India Learning Pvt. Ltd.	
	• Agarwal G. R., Agarwal K., Agarwal O. P. (2014), Textbook of	
	Biochemistry, Goel Publishing House, Meerut	
	• Powar C. B. (2010), Cell Biology, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai	
	• Powar C. B., Chatwal G. R. (2011), Biochemistry, Himalaya Publishing	
	House, Mumbai	

### T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Elective) Semester-VI

### **BIC-DSE-362A:**Practical on Genetics and Tissue Culture Techniques

Total Hours: 60 Credits: 2

Course Objectives	<ul> <li>To accustom students with Techniques in Genetic engineering</li> <li>To make students competent in PTC techniques</li> </ul>	
	To introduce students to the animal cell culturing	
Course Outcomes	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:  • Perform skillfully various plant tissue culture techniques  • Separate DNA fragments by agarose gel electrophoresis  • Perform restriction digestion and PCR  • Culture animal cells successfully	
Sr. No.	Contents	Hours
1	DNA digestion using restriction endonucleases	4
2	Amplification of DNA fragment using PCR	4
3	Separation of fragments produced by PCR and restriction digestion by agarose gel electrophoresis	4
4	Transfer of plasmid by bacterial conjugation	4
5	Isolation of cells from suiatable animal tissue	4
6	Primary culturing of suitable animal cells	4
7	Quantification of cell viability and cell counting	4
8	Preparation of MS media for PTC	4
9	Development of seedling by aseptic germination of available seed	4
10	Initiation of shoots by shoot tip culture method	4
11	Multiplication of shoots by shoot tips	4
12	Elongation and rooting of multiplied shoots	4
13	Development of callus from suitable tissue	4
14	Development of somatic embryo from suitable tissue	4
15	Isolation of protoplast	4
Study Resources	<ul> <li>Sadasivam S., Manickam A. (2018), Biochemical Methods, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Aneja K. R. (2003), Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology and Biotechnology, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Sawhney S. K., Singh R. (2001), Introductory Practical Biochemistry, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi</li> <li>Rao B. S., Deshpande V. (2005), Experimental Biochemistry A student companion, I.K. International Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai</li> <li>Jayaraman J. (1996), Laboratory manual in Biochemistry, Wiley Eastern Ltd.</li> </ul>	

<sup>\*</sup>Mandatory to perform any 12 practical from above.

### T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Elective) Semester-VI

### **BIC-DSC-362B: Practical on Enzyme Science and Technology**

Total Hours: 60 Credits: 2

Course	To study enzyme kinetics practically	
Objectives	<ul> <li>To study enzyme kinetics practically</li> <li>To understand importance and applications of immobilization techniques</li> </ul>	
	To isolate enzyme by various methods	
Course	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
Outcomes	Understand effect of various factors on enzyme activity	
	Calculate K <sub>m</sub> and V <sub>max</sub>	
	Immobilize enzymes/cells and explore its applications	
	Isolate enzymes by methods like salt/solvent precipitation	
Sr. No.	Contents	Hours
1	Estimation of maltose by DNSA method	4
2	Determination of amylase activity	4
3	Estimation specific activity of amylase	4
4	Determination of the effect of amylase concentration on the rate of reaction	4
5	Determination of the effect of substrate concentration on the activity of amylase	4
6	Determination of $K_m$ and $V_{max}$ of the reaction catalysed by amylase using M-M plot	4
7	Determination of $K_m$ and $V_{max}$ of the reaction catalysed by amylase by using L-B plot	4
8	Determination of effect of suitable inhibitor on α-amylase activity	4
9	Determination of effect of pH on activity of amylase	4
10	Determination of effect of temperature on activity of amylase	4
11	Immobilization of suitable enzyme / yeast cells	4
12	Isolation of amylase by salt precipitation method	4
13	Isolation of enzyme by solvent precipitation method	4
14	Partial purification of salt precipitated amylase by dialysis	4
15	Qualitative determination amylase activity in precipitated sample	4
Study Resources	<ul> <li>Sadasivam S., Manikam A. (2018), Biochemical Methods, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Aneja K. R. (2003), Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology and Biotechnology, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Sawhney S.K., Singh R. (2001), Introductory Practical Biochemistry, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi</li> <li>Plummer D. (2017), An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry, Indian Edition, McGraw Hill Education.</li> <li>Jayaraman J. (1996), Laboratory manual in Biochemistry, Wiley Eastern Ltd.</li> <li>Aneja K. R. (2003), Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology and Biotechnology, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> </ul>	

<sup>\*</sup>Mandatory to perform any 12 practical from above.

# T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Vocational) Semester-VI BIC-VSC-361: Analytical Techniques

Total Hours: 30 Credits: 2

Course	To accustom students with basics of various analytical techniques	
Objectives	To familiarize students with working principles of various analytical instru-	ıments
	To explore applications of analytical techniques	
Course	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:	
Outcomes	<ul> <li>Understand concept, principle, and applications of various spectrophotome</li> </ul>	etry
	<ul> <li>Understand principles and applications of various chromatograph</li> </ul>	ohy and
	electrophoretic techniques	
	Understand concept of centrifugation and radioactivity and its applications	
Unit	Contents	Hours
	Spectrophotometry	
	Concept of electromagnetic radiations, electromagnetic spectrum	
	Laws of absorption- Lambert and Beer Law	
	Chromophore concept-auxochrome, various chromic shifts	
	Instrumentation for UV-Visible and infra-red spectrophotometry	
	<ul> <li>Applications of UV-Vis spectrophotometry</li> </ul>	
TI 24 T	Theory and applications of infra-red spectroscopy	07
Unit I	Spectrofluorimetry	07
	Fluorescence and phosphorescence     Theory and instrumentation of fluorimetry.	
	<ul> <li>Theory and instrumentation of fluorimetry</li> <li>Advantages, disadvantages and applications</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Advantages, disadvantages and applications</li> <li>Flame spectrophotometry-concept</li> </ul>	
	Instrumentation for emission flame photometry and atomic	
	absorption spectrophotometry	
	Applications of both	
	Chromatography	
	Concept of distribution coefficient	
	Modes of chromatography	
	Classification of chromatography	
	Principle and applications of-	
<b>Unit II</b>	o Paper chromatography	08
	Thin layer chromatography  Cal filterian already and the second and the second are second as a second are second are second as a sec	
	Gel filtration chromatography     Jon even and a phromatography	
	<ul><li>Ion exchange chromatography</li><li>Affinity chromatography</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>Gas liquid chromatography</li> </ul>	
	Liquid-liquid chromatography	
	Electrophoresis	
	Principle of electrophoresis	
	Migration of an ion in an electric field	
	Factors affecting electrophoretic mobility	
Unit III	Principle and applications of-	08
CV	o Paper electrophoresis	
	Agarose gel electrophoresis	
	Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis	
	SDS-Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis     Isoslating forwaging	
	Isoelectric focussing	

	Capillary electrophoresis	
	o Immunoelectrophoresis	
Unit IV	<ul> <li>Centrifugation and Radioactivity</li> <li>Basic principles of centrifugation</li> <li>Instrumentation for centrifugation: low speed, high speed and ultra centrifuges</li> <li>Applications of centrifugation: preparative techniques, analytical measurements</li> <li>Radioactivity: introduction, isotopes in Biochemistry, units of radioactivity</li> <li>Detection and measurement of radioactivity: Liquid Scintillation Counting, Geiger Muller Counting</li> <li>Applications of radioisotopes</li> <li>Radioisotopes and safety</li> </ul>	07
Study	• Frifielder D. (1983), Physical biochemistry, W. H. Freeman and Co. New	
Resources	York.	
Resources	<ul> <li>Holmes D. J., Peck H. (1983), Analytical biochemistry, academic press, New York.</li> <li>Upadhyay A., Upadhyay K., Nath N. (2016), Biophysical chemistry: Principle and technique, Himalaya Pub. Nagpur.</li> <li>Wilson K,. Walker J. (2010), Principles and techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Cambridge University press, UK</li> <li>Satyanarayana U. (2008), Biotechnology, Books and Allied (P) Ltd, Kolkata.</li> <li>Powar C.B., Chatwal G.R. (2011), Biochemistry, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai</li> <li>Boyer R. (2002), Modern Experimental Biochemistry, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Pearson Education, Inc.</li> <li>Roy R.N. (2001), A Textbook of Biophysics, New Central Book agency (P) Ltd.</li> </ul>	

### T.Y. B.Sc. Biochemistry (Vocational) Semester-VI

### **BIC-VSC-362: Practical on Analytical Techniques**

Total Hours: 60 Credits: 2

Course	To accustom students with various analytical techniques	
Objectives	To study principle and working of analytical instruments	
	To make students competent in separation techniques	
Course Outcomes	After successful completion of this course, students are expected to:  • Understand and explain working and principle of UV-visible spectrosconcentrifuge  • Understand and explain working and principle of chromatograph electrophoresis  • Separate components using centrifugation, chromatography and electrophoresis	hy and
Sr. No.	Contents	Hours
1	Principle and working of UV-Visible spectrophotometer	4
2	Verification of Beers-Lamberts law	4
3	Estmation of λmax of a given chromophore	4
4	Determination of crude protein by Micro-Kjeldahl's method	4
5	Principle and working of centrifuge	4
6	Separation of serum/plasma from whole blood sample using centrifugation	4
7	Separation of plant pigments by gel filteration	4
8	Separation of amino acids using Paper chromatography	4
9	Separation of amino acids using Thin layer chromatography	4
10	Separation of amino acids using paper electrophoresis	4
11	Separation of proteins by SDS-PAGE	4
12	Separation of proteins by Native PAGE	4
13	Demonstration of HPLC	4
14	Demonstartion of GC	4
15	Demonstration of AAS	4
Study Resources	<ul> <li>Sadasivam S., Manikam A. (2018), Biochemical Methods, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>Sawhney S. K., Singh R. (2001), Introductory Practical Biochemistry, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi</li> <li>Rao B. S., Deshpande V. (2005), Experimental Biochemistry A student companion, I.K. International Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai</li> <li>Plummer D. (2017), An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry, Indian Edition, McGraw Hill Education.</li> </ul>	

\*Mandatory to perform any 12 practical from above.

### Skills acquired and Job prospects for the Biochemistry students

Biochemistry is the molecular basis of life. Degree program in Biochemistry teaches students the way several lifeless chemicals combine to produce a functional living organism. A significant attraction of the course is the ability to combine in-depth scientific knowledge with practical laboratory skills and the career opportunities in all sectors.

After successful completion of three years degree course in Biochemistry, student will be well versed with laboratory skills and transferable skills.

### **Laboratory Skills:**

- Laboratory safety practices as well as aseptic techniques
- Accurate weighing and reagent preparation
- Skillful handling of basic and advanced instruments
- Calibration of basic instruments like pH meter, micropipettes etc
  - Advanced techniques like; Chromatography, Electrophoresis
  - Spectrometry, Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)
  - Plant Tissue Culture, Animal Tissue Culture
- Collection, organization and presentation of data
- Analysis, Logical thinking and, interpretation of results

### **Transferable Skills:**

During the course student will develop skills other than laboratory skills that are transferable across the number of career areas which include;

- Analytical skill, Observational skill
- Planning and Time management
- Mathematical and IT skills
- Creative thinking, Problem solving
- Report writing skill, Presentation skill

#### **Job Opportunities:**

After successful completion of B.Sc. in Biochemistry, student may continue further studies like M.Sc. in Biochemistry and then Ph.D. in Biochemistry and make career in research field. Students have opportunities in private as well as public (Government) sectors.

### **Private Sector:**

Biochemist can work in quality control, quality assurance and R & D divisions of companies like-Biotech companies, Pharmaceutical companies, Chemical manufacturing companies, Food and Drink (includes brewing), Health and Beauty Care, Medical Instrument companies, Agricultural companies, Research Companies and Laboratories etc.

### **Public Sectors:**

Blood Service, Cancer research institutes, Environmental Pollution Control, Forensic Science, Hospitals, National Blood Services, Overseas Development, Public Health Entities, Public Health Laboratories, Agriculture and fisheries etc.

### Job profiles:

Biochemist, Biologist, Biomedical Scientist, Biotechnologist, Chemical Examiners, Chemist, Clinical Scientist, Food Scientist, Forensic Scientist, Laboratory Technician, Microbiologist, Research Associates, Research Officers, Research Scientist etc.

### **Opportunities in higher studies**

After successful completion of B.Sc. in Biochemistry, student may continue further studies like M.Sc. in Biotechnology / Biochemistry and pursue higher studies. Even students can pursue other courses where graduation is essential.